

POST-SCRIPTS

By GEORGE ROTHWELL BROWN

"Erin, oh Erin, though long in the shade,
Thy star will shine out when the proudest shall fade."

The day we honor the universal patron saint in every land under the sun. Where civilized man has fought his way around the globe, in the frozen North and the fetid jungles of the tropics, Out West and Down East, there is St. Patrick revered on his own day, and there everybody's favorite color is green, for "the poor exile of Erin" has made every spot on earth a bit of Old Ireland. As Moore so finely expressed it—
"Though the last glimpse of Erin with sorrow I see,
Yet wherever thou art shall seem Erin to me."

Senator King at last discovers what's the matter with Haiti—like the cowboy who was thrown out of the dance hall three times, they don't want him in there.

Secretary Mellon's analysis of the war debts is scientifically impregnable, but happily the time has not yet come when a government official in Washington can hope, by writing a letter to a college president, to exercise a censorship over the free and unlimited intellectuality—if any—of American universities.

As Harry Sinclair is convicted of contempt of the Senate, it is interesting to recall that Hallet Kilbourn, of Our Town, once got a judgment of \$100,000 against the Sergeant-at-Arms of the House of Representatives for being sent to jail on a similar charge—and that he didn't collect it. Here is a verdict that will make the Investigating Committee Cock of the Walk.

If Mr. Sinclair does have to go to jail he probably won't find the fare to his liking, and doubtless he won't be as ingenious as Mr. Kilbourn was while in durance vile, for when the House found out what he was doing down there on the Eastern branch, he was living on the fat of the land and charging the contingent fund for dinners, with wine, at \$40 a throw. It was cheaper to let him out.

Folks down in West Palm Beach who start a run on the postal savings bank when they hear that Uncle Sam is broke, get their income tax data slightly mixed—it's Uncle Sam's nephews and nieces who are broke.

Gentlemen who drink their liquor to tickle their brains and not their palates aren't going to be much upset by this new denaturant for the alkies.

Young Andrews knows—at least he thinks—
You'll hold your nose to take your drinks;
But we suppose that many ginks,
(As down it goes in spite of stinks,
Although it throws 'em all in hinks),
Will think it rose, or maybe pinks.

Seized as a rum ship last summer because somebody had 15 bottles of liquor aboard, an American vessel is finally released, but who is going to reimburse her owners for this great loss?

Things are getting so lawless in Shanghai now that a Washingtonian could probably go out there and feel perfectly at home in one day.

Maybe the police would better keep their patrol wagons in the garage and get all their tips on shootings from the Garfield hospital doctors.

Representative Gibson is going to study conditions in Washington this summer in London, Rome, Berlin and Paris, but we have an idea he will give more tips than he gets.

It's about time some efficiency expert came back from the Boulevard des Capucines with the report that what this town needs is some sidewalk cafes with little white and gold tables.

Senator Jim Reed is so determined that if necessary he'll finance the slush fund committee himself. There's nothing like having a billionaire client.

Remarkable cure is reported from New York this morning—Count Ludwig's broken heart has been repaired by a generous application of fat.

Ho for palm oil!
No more Salm toil.

Secretary Mellon is reported to have picked a former naval officer to be the new prohibition Pooh-Bah, but will the Antislavery League stand for anybody who is web-footed?

Did two-thirds of both Houses of Congress propose the Eighteenth amendment, or was it done by two-thirds of a quorum, and if so, will Wayne B. Wheeler admit it's unconstitutional?

FORD IS ACCUSED OF FALSE CHARGES IN FACE OF FACTS

Cooperative Marketing Plans Given to Him, Attorney Asserts.

SUIT FOR \$1,000,000 MAY TAKE 60 DAYS

Counsel for Plaintiff Goes Into Allegations Against Sapiro, One by One.

Detroit, March 16 (By A. P.).—A varicolored picture painted by Henry Ford's Dearborn Independent of a Jewish combination reaching its tentacles into the pockets of the farmers and world affairs was denounced today by William Henry Gallagher, counsel for Aaron Sapiro, who is suing the automobile manufacturer for \$1,000,000 on charges of libel.

One by one he took up the charges which, his client claims, injured his reputation as an organizer of cooperative marketing organizations, and when court adjourned had still several points to bring out in his opening statement.

If a world-wide conspiracy of Jews existed, Aaron Sapiro knew nothing about it, Gallagher declared, neither was he a member of a ring spreading communism or bolshevism throughout the country, instilling the ideas of "red" Russia in the minds of the children. Sapiro had never been concerned with organization of farm boys and girls' clubs, having confined his activities to cooperative marketing associations, he said.

Product of the Mind.

"As to charges contained in the Independent regarding a so-called Kahn-Bauch-Lasker-Rosenwald-Sapiro program to turn over to an organized international interest the entire agricultural industry of the country," said Mr. Gallagher, "they are entirely unfounded, evidence will show."

"Otto Kahn, it is true, made a few contributions to farmers' organizations as did other high-minded citizens such as Robert H. Bingham, of the Louisville Courier-Journal and William Randolph Hearst. Bernard Baruch, I believe, made a few loans but no contributions, while F. D. Lasker as head of an advertising concern, handled some publicity for a cooperative concern. Julius Rosenwald had nothing to do with them.

"We will show that this whole idea of organized Jewry to take advantage of the American farmer is a product of the mind and the statement that Sapiro was backed by a Jewish combination in his organization work is entirely without foundation.

Judging by the time taken by Mr. Gallagher, who began his opening plea yesterday to outline what the plaintiffs intend to prove, attorneys for both sides agreed that the trial probably would last 60 days. His declaration contains 141 points on which evidence will be introduced.

Ford Had the Facts.

Attorney Gallagher told the jury that Ford and the business manager of the Independent had been informed by a committee of the intentions and working of the cooperative marketing organizations formed by Sapiro. Publication of a series of alleged libelous articles then ceased for a while, he said, but were soon resumed. The articles accused the Chicago man of exploiting the farmers and with spreading communistic propaganda.

Cooperative organizations of all kinds in Oregon, Kentucky, Texas, California and the old South which Sapiro had helped form were mentioned in excerpts from the Dearborn Independent, which Mr. Gallagher read. All of the charges

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Police Hunt Boy, 4, Believed Kidnaped

Arlington county police are searching for Raymond M. Bennett, a 4-year-old boy, who is believed to have been kidnaped yesterday afternoon while playing in front of the home of Mrs. Mildred Kew, 222 Murray avenue, Virginia Highlands, Va. Sheriff Howard B. Fields has notified police of Richmond and other Southern cities to watch for the child.

The boy's mother, Mrs. Arne Bennett, placed the boy in care of Mrs. Kew when she separated from the boy's father, who lives in Oia, N. C. The boy was picked up by two men in an automobile.

Civil War Widows' Pension Bill Dies

(By the Associated Press.)

The plan of Congress for bigger pensions for civil war widows has been turned down by President Coolidge. Exercising his privilege of "pocket veto," the President has pigeonholed the bill passed in the closing days of the session, increasing from \$30 to \$40 monthly the pensions of civil war widows over 75 years of age.

With expiration of the ten-day period after receipt of the bill, White House officials say the measure is a dead letter. They decline to say what considerations led to the veto.

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MRS. EDWARDS, CLEARED, WILL BURY HER HUSBAND

Funeral to Be at Home; Homicide Justifiable, Coroner's Jury Says.

BOY TELLS OF SLAYING

Having killed her husband and having been exonerated by a coroner's jury, yesterday, Mrs. Anna Susan Edwards, mother of three children, is now confronted with the task of burying him.

The body of the husband, John O. Edwards, will be buried from the home of the widow at 2:30 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The coroner's jury yesterday decided that the shooting was "justifiable homicide," and United States Attorney Peyton Gordon announced that the verdict was acceptable to him. There will be no further legal action in the case.

The coroner's jury returned its verdict after hearing the straight-forward story of William Edwards, 11-year-old son of the couple involved in the tragedy. He told how his father came home in a drunken rage and of his attempted attack on Mrs. Edwards.

In describing how his father came home, the boy said:

"He rapped and he rapped and couldn't get in. And then he rapped some more and mamma let him in. He got in and then mamma got the bedroom door between her and him, and he said, 'I'm gonna get you and kill you all!'

"Mamma locked the door and put a trunk against it, but he got in and mamma went out the window. But she had trouble getting through the gate and then the gate gave and she ran up the street.

"He ran after her. She said, 'Stop or I'll shoot,' and he lifted the hammer and she shot and he fell dead."

Four minutes after it had heard the boy's story, the coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide.

Mrs. Edwards explained that she didn't intend to kill her husband; that she simply wanted to fire the weapon and attract the attention of the police. At the same time, she said she realized that if she had not killed him he would have killed her."

CROARKIN CONVICTED; GIVEN LIFE SENTENCE

Slayer of Chicago Boy Escapes Death Penalty; Victim's Father Sorry.

Chicago, March 16 (By A. P.).—Less than three hours after retiring to deliberate, a jury tonight found Harold J. Croarkin guilty of the murder of 6-year-old Walter Schmitt, whom he beat to death with a hammer, and fixed his punishment at life imprisonment.

Life imprisonment, it appeared, had been a compromise between the State's contention that the 26-year-old son of a Chicago food dealer was sane when he beat the child to death in a North Side riding academy after attempting to mistreat him last December 17, and therefore should be sentenced to death, and the plea of the defense that he was insane and should be sent to an asylum.

Walter Schmitt, father of the dead boy, expressed his disappointment at the verdict. "I had hoped for the death penalty," he said. None of Croarkin's family was in court when the verdict was read, although they were in constant attendance at the trial and witness, in an effort to save him from the gallows, that they believed him insane.

Woman, 102, at Party; 330 Guests Above 60

New York, March 16 (By A. P.).—Mrs. Mary Schultz was 102 years old yesterday and 330 of her friends, not one of them under 60 years of age, gave her a birthday party at the home for aged and infirm Hebrews. There was a cake, with 102 candles. Quite a few in the party were around 90 years of age.

TERROR IN SHANGHAI SPREAD BY KILLINGS LAID TO AGITATORS

Murder a Day Held Part of Preparations for General Strike.

BATTLES UNDER WAY; NANKING IMPERILED

Invasion of Manchuria by the Soviet Forces May Add to Complications.

Shanghai, March 16 (By A. P.).—Terror is stalking in the teeming native city of Shanghai as a result of a mysterious series of murders and the corresponding spread of a story that groups of Cantonese agitators are carrying on strong-arm agitation in preparation for a general strike when the nationalists become ready to take over the Shanghai administration.

For days there has been an average of one murder daily in Shanghai, the victim usually being a laborer or a foreman who had shown opposition to strike calls. The outrages have occurred not only in the native quarters, but in the international settlement as well, and the municipal authorities are taking steps to deal drastically with the situation.

"Expert intimidators," is the nearest translation of the Chinese description of the 150 specially picked and trained agitators who have arrived in Shanghai from Hankow. Labor unrest in the city, under their direction, is increasing daily, terrorism being the weapon used to create solidarity in the ranks of labor for a projected general strike.

Rail Service Is Attacked.

Particular efforts have been directed by these men to disorganize traffic on the Shanghai-Nanking railway, the train control and telephone systems being tampered with. Yesterday the intimidators forced 30 engineers and firemen and the whole locomotive staff of the Shanghai South station to desert.

The series of murders which have been reported and the fact that these agitators have been arrested, has alarmed the foreign population which, however, is resting comparatively easy because of the protection afforded them by the foreign troops in Shanghai.

While heavy fighting was reported west and northwest of Shanghai with an increasing menace to the city of Nanking, reports were received from Tokyo indicating that the breach between the adherents of Chang Tso-Lin, the Manchurian war lord and the soviets was widening.

The Tokyo report suggested that southern Manchuria was threatened with an armed invasion. If this possibility should become serious it is felt that Chang Tso-Lin, who now is the moving factor behind the allied northern armies in their drive on the Cantonese, might be deterred from venturing into the city.

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Army Officer Killed; Body Left in Street

Atlanta, Ga., March 16 (By A. P.).—The body of Lieut. Waldo S. Ickes, 35, of the United States army, was found on the street here today. Apparently he was the victim of an automobile accident. He was a native of Cullman, Ala., and connected with the army finance office of the fourth corps headquarters here.

An unidentified person telephoned to a hospital here that a man had been hurt. When the ambulance arrived at the scene, the body of the officer was found. One leg had been broken and death apparently was due from internal injuries.

Regimental Race Won By Prince of Wales

Bicester, England, March 16 (By A. P.).—The Prince of Wales, riding one of his own hunters, won the Lord Mansfield cup in the Grenadier guards regimental point-to-point races at the Bicester hunt meeting today. There were fourteen other entries.

The prince rode a well-judged race and finished a length ahead of the second. He received a great ovation.

Datu Piang's Tribe Rise Against Leader

Manila, March 16 (By A. P.).—A dispatch to the Bulletin from Zamboanga today said an uprising of Alangan tribesmen had been reported in Cotabato province. The outbreak threatens to become serious.

Tribesmen were gathering in groups armed with blades and other weapons making threatening gestures against Datu Piang, wealthy leader, whom they dislike.

Several killings and some burnings and looting were reported recently from Cotabato, and Provincial Gov. Gutierrez asked the Philippine constabulary for reinforcements. Col. Stevens of the constabulary will depart tomorrow for a conference with the Alangan leaders.

GIRL, 9, RUN DOWN BY POLICE PATROL, DIES IN HOSPITAL

Child Crossing Twelfth and G Streets When Hit by Auto.

COMPANIONS ESCAPE MEETING SAME FATE

Younger Sister of Victim in Group Taken Home by Woman Autoist.

Mary Sult, 9 years old, 735 Third street northwest, was fatally injured at 6 o'clock last evening when she was run over by a police patrol car on Twelfth and G streets northwest by the police patrol from the First precinct police station. She died in Emergency hospital 35 minutes later.

The patrol wagon, driven by Policeman Q. E. Heyne, was going north on Twelfth street on its way to answer a call at Twelfth street and New York avenue. Mary, with six companions, was crossing from the west side of Twelfth to the east on the north side of G street. The other girls saw the patrol wagon and stopped, according to Policeman Heyne, but Mary broke away from the grasp of one of the girls and ran in front of the patrol. She was knocked down and run over by the left front wheel.

Policeman Heyne was unmoved by the tragedy and was relieved of further wagon duty for the evening. He remained in the station house, however, until midnight, when his relief arrived. No charges were placed against him. An inquest will be held at 11:30 o'clock this morning at the District morgue.

Inspector Harrison, of the police department, made an investigation of the affair and decided it apparently was an accident. Mary was the daughter of Mrs. Margaret Sult.

Girl's Body Crushed

The girl was terribly crushed by the heavy weight of the patrol wagon. The policemen placed her in the patrol wagon and took her to the hospital.

The girl's younger sister, Christine, was with her. She was taken to her home by a passing woman motorist.

According to A. R. Harrison, of 1115 Ninth street northwest, who has offices in the International building, the police patrol was not sounding its gong when it crossed the street. He also charges that the policemen did not handle the girl carefully after the accident, but sat her upright on a seat where one held her upright with his hand.

Fall From Parallel Bars Kills Student

Mason City, Iowa, March 16 (By A. P.).—Harold Lantz, 16, high school student, died last night after a fall of only 2½ feet from parallel bars in the high school gymnasium. His neck was broken in several places.

LIQUOR ON LEVIATHAN NEAR SELWYN SUITE

Theatrical Producer Ordered to Appear at Customs House in Inquiry.

New York, March 16 (By A. P.).—Two wooden crates of assorted whiskeys, champagne, cognac and beer have been seized on board the liner, Leviathan, near a suite occupied by Arch Selwyn, theatrical producer, it became known today. Mr. Selwyn was ordered to appear at the customs house for interrogation.

The seizure was effected by an investigative inspector who boarded the Leviathan while the passengers' baggage was being examined yesterday. He noticed two crates, five feet high, marked merely with the letter "A" indicating that the baggage was to be placed under that initial on the pier. No one claimed the crates so the inspector pried them open and discovered the contraband.

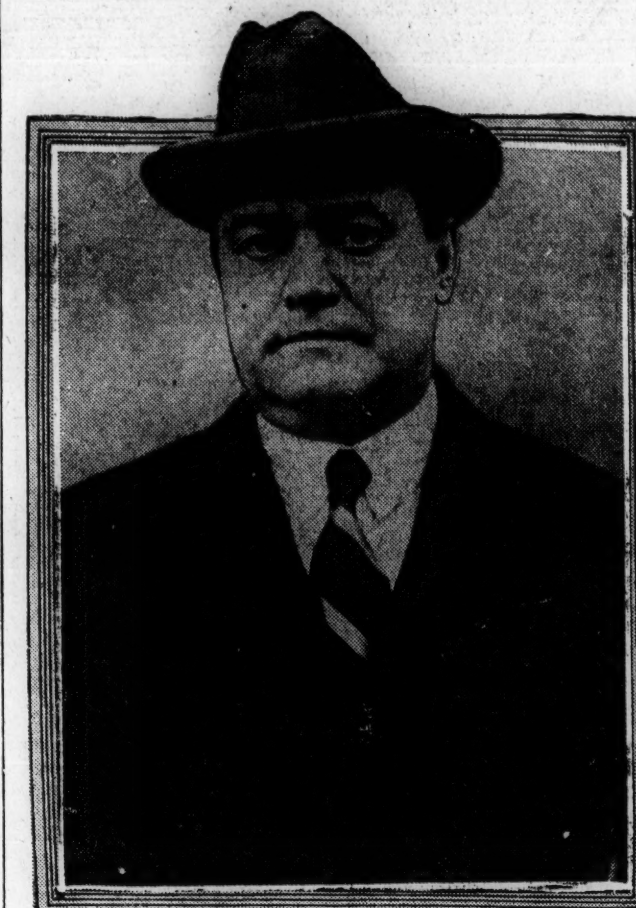
When the labels were removed from a case of cognac this address was found: "Monsieur Fred Almy, S. S. Leviathan from Cherbourg—Selwyn Suite."

\$200,000 Sent by Air To Halt Run on Bank

St. Louis, March 16 (By A. P.).—Flying at a 100-mile-an-hour clip, Philip R. Love, air mail pilot today carried a shipment of \$200,000 in cash from the First National Bank here to Zeigler, Ill., to avert a threatened run on the First National Bank there because of rumors circulated by irresponsible persons.

Officials of both banks declared the Zeigler institution was in sound condition with resources of more than \$1,000,000.

JURY CONVICTS SINCLAIR OF CONTEMPT OF SENATE FOR REFUSING ANSWERS



HARRY F. SINCLAIR.

Verdict Reported After Eight-Hour Session on Four Questions.

OIL MAN IS GREETED FOR FIGHT HE MADE

Faces \$100 to \$1,000 Fine and From One Month to One Year in Jail.

NEW TRIAL TO BE ASKED; APPEAL ALSO PLANNED

Hitz Instructions Regarded as Ordering Defendant Be Found Guilty.

By ALBERT W. FOX.

Harry F. Sinclair, New York oil magnate, was found guilty by a jury in District Supreme court last night of having refused to answer four questions propounded to him on March 22, 1924, by a Senate committee.

The verdict was announced at 10:05 p. m., after the jurymen had been out about eight hours. There was a small gathering, mostly attorneys and newspaper men, in the courtroom. Word had been received shortly after 9 o'clock that a verdict had been reached, but an air of uncertainty prevailed because no one understood why the jurymen had deliberated so long. In view of Justice Hitz's instructions.

Emory D. Irwin, who was elected foreman of the jury replied "Guilty" when asked about each of the four counts, and the legal battle which has been raging in criminal court No. 3 since a week ago Monday came to an end.

Sinclair Is Confronted.

Mr. Sinclair took the verdict calmly. "The first inning is over," he said, with a smile, to the newspaper men and others who surged forward to grasp his hand and congratulate him on the fight he had made.

George F. Hoover, of Sinclair counsel, asked that his client's bond be continued and Justice Hitz granted the request. The customary motion for a new trial will be made and after sentence is imposed, the case will go to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia.

District Attorney Peyton Gordon, who conducted the government's case, was in court and received congratulations. Counsel for Sinclair, Hoover and Martin W. Littleton, were also congratulated for the battle they had waged against insurmountable odds. In fact the case ended in a sort of era of good feeling all around and was regarded in many respects as the most unusual criminal case which has been tried here in many years.

Defense Holds Trial Serious.

Justice Hitz, as well as counsel for the government, impressed upon the jury the fact that the defendant was merely being tried for going counter to a statute referring to the powers of the Senate, whereas defense counsel rather emphasized the seriousness of the charge. And Justice Hitz closely following the precedent of the Chapman case, took every controversial issue away from the jury and told them that if they found that Sinclair was summoned, appeared before the committee and was asked questions and refused to answer, he must be found guilty.

As there was no dispute at all about these facts, excepting the questions of far-reaching importance involved in the legal aspects, and as the court instructed the jury not to consider these questions of law, the jury was in effect told it must return a verdict of guilty and all were at a loss to understand why it took the jurymen eight hours to do so.

The only possible explanation seemed to be that some of the jurymen were so impressed with the defendant's side of the case, involving his defiance of the Senate committee, that they held out against agreeing to a verdict despite the court's instructions, which were repeated by Justice Hitz when jurymen came in at 4:30 to ask that one of the defense prayers be read to them.

Chapman Case Cited.

In following out the model of the Chapman case in the present trial, Justice Hitz referred to Elverson R. Chapman, New York stock broker, who was sentenced to a month in jail and fined \$100 for his refusal to answer questions put by a Senate committee in the so-called sugar investigation and subsequently served the month in 1896.

The statute which Sinclair is convicted of having violated is section 103 of the Revised Statutes and imposes a fine of from \$100 to \$1,000 and a jail sentence from one month to one year as a penalty for any one who refuses to answer questions propounded by a committee of Congress, when such questions are pertinent to the matter which such committee has under inquiry.

As the Supreme Court of the United States has never defined the powers

KING WILL AVOID HAITI IN INTEREST OF PEACE

Senator Fears Presence in Republic May Provoke Untoward Incident.

SEES U. S. BEHIND BORNO

Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic, March 16 (By A. P.).—Moved by a desire to avoid any untoward incident in a friendly country, Senator William H. King, of Utah, today announced that he will not attempt to enter the Republic of Haiti, whose government has denied him admission because of his criticism of the policy of the United States there and of the administration of President Borno.

The senator, who arrived here this morning from San Juan, Porto Rico, said that he feared his presence in Haiti might provoke trouble and that he wished to avoid such a possibility in view of the fact that the American government apparently was reinforcing the decision of President Borno.

In the course of the day, Senator King, in company with other visitors, called upon President Vazquez of the Dominican Republic.

President Vazquez, in receiving his guests, expressed hearty gratitude to Senator King for his valuable collaboration in behalf of the Dominican Republic.

Before announcing his decision not to attempt to go on to Haiti, Senator King went into conference with the Haitian deputies, Pierre Hudicourt and Pierre Paul, who have come here to discuss with him the prospects of his visiting Haiti.

\$51,000 for a Letter With 6 Autographs

New York, March 16 (By A. P.).—What was said to be a world's record price for an autograph letter was established tonight when Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach, of New York and Philadelphia, paid \$51,000 for a letter with the autographs of Button Gwinnett and five other signers of the Declaration of Independence.

The letter, found recently in an old barn at Mamaronck, N. Y., bears the signatures of John Hancock, Robert Morris, Francis Lewis, George Read and Arthur Middleton, as well as of Gwinnett.

Autoists Save Woman Found in Tidal Basin

Mrs. Annie Heath, 38 years old, of 3641 Eleventh street northwest, was rescued from Tidal Basin shortly after 1 o'clock this morning by Joseph Lande, 27 years old, of 3641 Newark street northwest, and Isadore Posner, 24 years old, of 4519 Ninth street northwest, who were motoring in Potomac park and heard Mrs. Heath's screams.

Mrs. Heath was taken to Emergency hospital in a serious condition. Police say that on February 16 and again on February 22 she swallowed poison.

Ten Men Are Burned In Explosion of Dust

Buffalo, N. Y., March 16 (By A. P.).—Ten men were burned, five of them seriously and possibly fatally, in an explosion of dust accumulation at the plant of the Automatic Transportation Co. here today.

SLUSH FUND COMMITTEE MEETING CALLED BY REED

Senator Will Offer to Advance \$1,000 to Get Vire Ballot Boxes.

BARRY DECLINES TO ACT

(By the Associated Press.)

Determined to get around the blockade caused by inability to get funds for the campaign funds committee, Chairman Reed, Democrat, Missouri, yesterday issued a call for a meeting of the committee here Saturday to discuss a plan of action.

He will be buttressed by favorable opinions both from Senator Goff, West Virginia, a Republican member of the committee, and Chairman Norris, of the Senate judiciary committee, who hold that the committee has ample authority to continue its inquiries into expenditures in the last senatorial elections and is entitled to expense money. These opinions have been prepared in written form and will be laid before the committee Saturday.

Senator Reed, who now is in Detroit, is understood to be prepared upon his return to Washington personally to advance \$1,000 to the Senate sergeant-at-arms and order him to get to Pennsylvania and impound additional ballots in connection with the election contest brought against Senator Vire, Republican.

DE PINEDO CROSSES WILD BRAZIL JUNGLES

Plane Covers Route Never Before Taken by Flier; Landing Impossible.

Rio Janeiro, March 16 (By A. P.).—Commander Francisco de Pinedo, Italy's famous flier, today accomplished what is considered here the most daring feat of his great four-continent flight, which is to touch Europe, Africa, South America and North America.

Leaving Amazonia, Paraguay, this morning, he turned his plane northward across the stretches of Brazilian jungles over which no man ever before had flown. He passed over the great swamps of South America, inhabited by alligators and snakes and so muddy that landing was virtually out of the question. There was no means of communication, except with the fierce, semi-savage Indians inhabiting the region. (De Pinedo's plane carries no wireless.)

He passed Corumbá, Brazil, his announced destination, and landed successfully at San Luiz de Caceres, about 200 miles north of Corumbá, having flown about 625 miles over a route never covered by an aviator before.

The anxiety felt here for the safety of the aviators was increased by indications today that one of the violent electrical storms common there at this time of the year was about to break over the great swamps.

Fire on Ward Liner At New York Dock

New York, March 16 (By A. P.).—Fire was discovered late today in one of the forward holds of the Ward Line Robert E. Lee, tied up at her dock on the East river near Wall street. The ship is loaded with sugar.

DE BRODES INNOCENT OF SLAYING MOTHER, IS VERDICT OF JURY

Rules Former Embassy Employee Was Insane When Parent Was Shot.

SISTER FAINTS IN COURT WHEN VERDICT IS GIVEN

Sought Acquittal on Facts as Presented by Counsel, Not Mentality.

George Victor De Brodes, former employee of the American embassy in Paris, and more recently employed in the field office of the veterans' bureau in New York, charged with the murder of his mother, Mrs. Frances De Brodes, was found not guilty yesterday by a jury in criminal court after an hour's deliberation.

The jury found De Brodes was insane, that he was suffering from an epileptic seizure when the shots which killed his mother were fired, June 16, 1923, at 117 C street northeast, and was not legally responsible for his mother's death. De Brodes appeared satisfied with the verdict. His sister, Mrs. Lillian G. Walker, became hysterical when the verdict was announced and swooned. It is seldom that the jury inquires into the defendant's mentality in cases of this sort, especially when the defendant has sought acquittal on facts as presented by counsel.

The most conspicuous thing about the De Brodes trial was the lack of a murder motive, although the indictment accused the son of having deliberately and with premeditated malice killed his mother. The prosecution followed the theory of the police that De Brodes was so worried about his financial condition and the illness of his mother and his sister, Miss Pauline De Brodes, that he planned to kill his mother and himself and thereby dispose of what appeared to him unsolvable problems.

Attempts to Prove Theory. The nearest the government came to proving this theory was in De Brodes' admission that he planned to shoot himself and also in the testimony of Police Officer Leigh, who said that De Brodes admitted he shot his mother and that he intended to kill himself, but that the pistol would not work.

The testimony of De Brodes and that of his witnesses tended to offset the theory of murder and suicide, as he said he had got over the notion of killing himself when he arrived in Washington from New York the day of the tragedy. The witnesses testified De Brodes was an exceptionally dutiful son. He denied he planned to take the life of any one but himself, and even then, he said, he changed his mind when he realized the futility of self-destruction.

There were no eye-witnesses to the death of Mrs. De Brodes. The testimony showed she was struck by two bullets from a pistol held either in her hand or in the hand of her son or held in both of their hands in a struggle over possession of the weapon. De Brodes said he opened a safe containing the pistol to show his mother some proofs of the pictures of his fiancée, Miss Mary Teresa Bays, who was present. The weapon slid partly out of the case and was seized by Mrs. De Brodes, according to her son's testimony. He seized the weapon or the hand of his mother, he said, and after that, he testified, all was a blank until he was being treated by a physician for an epileptic seizure.

The testimony of several defense witnesses showed Mrs. De Brodes was of an excitable, erratic nature and the defense attorneys contended the son, knowing of his mother's mental peculiarities, did the proper thing in attempting to take the pistol from her. Miss Bays said she fled when Mrs. De Brodes seized the pistol.

Shortly after De Brodes' arrest he was adjudged insane and sent to St. Elizabeth's. He made an unsuccessful attempt to be released, then later was released as of sound mind last summer. His counsel then announced they wanted to stand trial on the facts, as De Brodes was eager to be cleared of the stigma of matricide, as he inflated he did not fire the shots which killed his mother.

Attorneys Wilton J. Lambert, Arthur T. Lambert, Rudolph H. Yestman, Austin F. Canfield, Godfrey L. Munter and Elmer T. Bell appeared for De Brodes. The latter left the courtroom with his sisters.

DE BRODES, FREED, THANKS LAWYER



Hugh Miller, Post Staff Photographer. George Victor De Brodes, right, congratulating Wilton J. Lambert, his attorney. De Brodes was found not guilty yesterday of murdering his mother.

STANDARDS TRACT FOR PARK IS BACKED

Connecticut Avenue Association Indorses Project to Acquire Wooded Land.

Use as a park of 80 acres of wooded land, comprising the extent of a valley, adjoining the bureau of standards, was backed by the Connecticut Avenue Citizens' association last night in the James F. Oyster school, Twenty-ninth and Calvert streets northwest. Irwin G. Priest, of the Richmond Park Citizens' association, explained the park project. He declared that the matter had been presented before the National Capital park and planning commission, and that it would probably pass upon it at the meeting in April. He expressed the belief that the commission would approve the project, provided sufficient funds are obtained.

The park would preserve a fine wooded tract, he said, and would connect Rock Creek park with Glover park.

The association commended Lieut. Col. J. Franklin Bell, engineer commissioner, for his activity to obtain school playgrounds. A. J. Driscoll, of the Mid-City Citizens' association, spoke on the park project.

Wells Heads Grand Jury. George N. Wells, of Mt. Rainier, yesterday was selected foreman of the grand jury for the spring term of the circuit court of Prince Georges county, Md. The jury will be convened in Upper Marlboro, April 4.

FIRE RECORD.

1:24 a. m.—First and P street northwest; false alarm.
1:37 a. m.—Eight and Bittenhouse streets northwest; false alarm.
1:56 a. m.—Sixth street and New York avenue northwest; false alarm.
10:08 a. m.—1601 Fifteenth street northwest; alarm.
12:22 p. m.—1239 Lawrence street northeast; alarm.
2:03 p. m.—Rear 1739 Church street northeast; crash in garage.
4:02 p. m.—Thirty-first and D streets northeast; woods.
4:03 p. m.—Mount Pleasant street, northeast; automobile.
5:19 p. m.—Home for Aged and Indorm, Blue Plains, D. C.; outburst.
6:40 p. m.—Bates road, east of Soldiers home; woods.
6:52 p. m.—Thirteenth and E streets northwest; shed.
8:19 p. m.—Rear 1236-1240 Duncan street northwest; shed.
10:35 p. m.—708 N street northwest; house.

CITIZENS' STREET CAR MERGER FIGHT URGED

Call Attention to Public Sentiment, Frampton Tells Dahlgren Terrace.

Citizens' associations last night were urged to work for a street railway merger by Hugh M. Frampton, chairman of the zoning committee of the Federation of Citizens' Associations, at a meeting of the Dahlgren Terrace Citizens' association in the Social Crystal club, Twelfth street and Rhode Island avenue northeast.

After explaining the benefits of a merger, Mr. Frampton said the public last year paid \$10,500,000 in fares to the street car companies. Thirty-four citizens' associations and the sentiment of the public favored the merger when the hearing on the question was held last November, and action, designing to call the attention of the public utilities commission to the public sentiment, should be taken, Mr. Frampton said.

D. H. Willis, a builder, requested support in an attempt to have a short distance on Tenth street northeast, north of Rhode Island avenue, rezoned so as to permit him to erect a four-story apartment. After an hour's discussion, favorable action was voted. The organization joined with the Brookland and Michigan Park associations in a request to have the block of Fourteenth to Fifteenth, Girard to Hamline northeast, chosen as the site of a junior high school and further asked that the proposed branch public library and an elementary school be erected on adjoining sites.

264 Tubes of Poison Used as Playthings

London, March 16 (By A. P.).—Squads of police worked feverishly all night trying to recover 264 tubes of powerful poison which fell off a hospital van in London's East Side yesterday.

The tubes were picked up by small children who used them for playthings. All night officers trailed the missing tubes from one child to another, and by noon today had recovered 200. The tubes were in bright orange-colored boxes which made them very desirable toys.

Fiery Cross Burned At Governor's Home

Milwaukee, Wis., March 16 (By A. P.).—A fiery cross was burned tonight at the home of Gov. Fred J. Zimmerman, in Tippecanoe, a suburb. The governor and his family are at the executive mansion in Madison and the house was unoccupied.

The cross, a wooden frame, was wrapped in burlap and it burned rapidly, lighting up the sky. During his campaign the then candidate for governor was accused by the opposition of being a member of the Ku Klux Klan.

Perfect Form



REFRESHING as a ride in the park—and always in perfect form, is the de luxe sealed pint package of The Velvet Kind ice cream. Best and smoothest ice cream—best groomed package. You see it everywhere.

Southern Dairies



GOVERNMENT FOR ASSEMBLY'S AID TO REPLENISH PLEDGE

Asks Extra Session to Adopt Plans to Simplify State Government.

SEEKS NO ADDITIONAL POWER FOR EXECUTIVE

Demands Constructive Economy for Virginia; Against Bonded Indebtedness.

Richmond, Va., March 16 (By A. P.).—Nothing less than the adoption of the essential recommendations of the Reed and Prentiss commissions will enable the fulfillment of the pledges made by Gov. Harry Flood Byrd on the night of his election, he told the general assembly convened in extraordinary session here today.

"My recommendations to the general assembly of 1926," the governor said, "and the reports of the Reed and Prentiss commissions and the call to you to consider them are the earnest result of my efforts to redeem the pledges I made the people. Nothing less than the adoption of the essential recommendations as made will enable the fulfillment of these pledges. I will lean upon your counsel and appreciate your cooperation as we go forward as comrades to make a new Dominion that shall be worthy of the old."

"The matters before us are of great importance. Every single change in government proposed should receive your discriminating scrutiny and your arguments for or against it should be weighed with the utmost care. While convinced after careful study of the essential soundness of the recommendations made, I solicit your suggestions and will gladly meet you in conference whenever you desire."

For Entire State's Progress. "We are here to serve to the best of our ability with the consciousness that the people of the Commonwealth of Virginia, free from all sectional prejudice and political consideration, I seek no additional power for myself. I am here to serve the people of positions to which appointments are now made by the governor."

"Urgent" public business justified the governor's call for a special session, he told the assembly.

"Two notable reports of two commissions and a report by business specialists offer the general assembly the opportunity to simplify governmental processes and enable substantial savings in the cost of government. The saving will not be made at the cost of efficiency, but the changes proposed will promote efficiency."

The enactment of some of the laws necessary to carry out the recommendations of the Reed commission require amendments to the Constitution, he said. "Two years would be lost were we to defer action upon constitutional changes until the regular session convening next winter."

"The notable record for constructive legislation," which the assembly made at its last session, was commended by the governor, who urged the continuance of Virginia's "progressive program."

Says Funds Can Be Saved. Discussing "simplification and re-orientation," Byrd said that his experience in business and in the State senate convinces him that substantial public funds can be saved and efficiency promoted by a reorganization of our State and local government machinery. He briefly reviewed the history of the survey made toward this end by the New York State bureau of municipal research and by the citizens' efficiency commission.

Reform of local governments must be in the main await constitutional amendments, the governor asserted. The report of the bureau of municipal research in the State government has not been received, he said.

Additional recommendations to the report of the commission to suggest that the governor be empowered by the governor, who would prohibit bonds being issued by counties or districts unless approved by the voters in a referendum. He also would prohibit the appointment in recess of any person who has failed of confirmation in the general assembly.

Pointing out that a constitutional convention might have cost the State \$500,000 and probably more, Gov. Byrd said the expenses of the Prentiss commission have run to date to about \$5,000. The appropriation made to cover its expenses was \$10,000, he recalled.

Cities Segregation Tax Plan. "The fears of those who doubt the wisdom of the pending amendment to the constitution to prohibit segregation on land and tangible personal property" should be allayed by the success of the segregation tax plan, the executive declared. "Virginia is reducing her taxes and dealing with her tax considerably and justly," he added.

"Economy must not be destructive," the governor said. "No employee should be required to work for less than fair compensation, no essential agency of the State—education or otherwise—should be starved; but the saving should be found in consolidation and simplification of government."

A gain in the financial condition of Virginia of \$1,067,380.15 in one year was reported.

Under "Freedom from bonded indebtedness," the governor declared that the State has wisely refrained from the issuance of bonds and has made great progress by the pay-as-you-go plan. He said she has nearly exhausted her resources today to discharge her entire bonded debt.

Concluding his address, Gov. Byrd said that "no State can be worthy of the old Virginia that pays the education of her children, the care of her unfortunate, the health of her people, or the preservation of her resources, unless she accomplishes the reforms that will make Virginia better able to discharge these duties."

Seating of Senator Smith Is Referred to Committee

Richmond, Va., March 16 (By A. P.).—The question of seating Alfred C. Smith, of Norfolk county, who was ousted from the State senate at the 1926 regular session of the Virginia general assembly and who had since been re-elected, was referred to the senate privileges and elections committee today when strong opposition to him developed after he had presented his credentials.

Traffic-Holding Throng Attends Burglar Search

Headquarters detectives and police of the first precinct who answered a call for help at 1111 F street northwest shortly before 11 o'clock last night were prepared to tackle burglars who were supposed to be looting the two stores at that address, but they were entirely inadequate to cope with the crowd of more than 1,000 curious persons who gathered, looking on.

As soon as the precinct and headquarters were pulled up to the curb in front of the Esmer & Bacher Fur Shop and the Lerner Shop, at 1111 F street, the crowd began to gather. Nearby theaters were letting out and men and women, young and old, quickly blocked traffic.

Instead of capturing robbers in the presence of the throng the police found only a man and woman taking stock in the Lerner Shop.

house to hear the address of Gov. Harry Byrd of the extra session the executive call to convene measures for reorganization of the State government and revision of the State constitution.

Senator Smith was ousted from the regular session after charges had been brought against him by the Norfolk-Farmington Exchange, that he had been convicted of a felony in his youth and therefore was not eligible to citizenship. Later Gov. Byrd lifted the senator's political disabilities and he was re-elected.

CAPT. TOMPKINS DIES IN ANCON HOSPITAL

Commander of Submarine Division Succumbs After Operation.

Capt. John Thomas Tompkins, commander of the submarine division of the battle fleet, and former assistant chief of the bureau of engineering, Navy Department, died Tuesday evening following an operation performed at Ancon hospital, Balboa, Canal Zone, the department announced yesterday. He was born in Minden, La., in 1870, and was graduated from the Naval Academy in 1890, attained the rank of captain in 1917, and was assigned to the bureau of naval operations where he remained until 1924, enrolling at the Naval College at Newport, R. I. In 1922, he became assistant chief of the bureau of engineering and in 1924, was assigned as aid for navy yards to the Secretary of the Navy. In 1925, he assumed his last command.

Capt. Tompkins was awarded the French Legion of Honor and the Navy Cross.

His wife, Mrs. Katherine Hancock Tompkins, of Philadelphia, survives.

SISTERS' WISH TO DIE TOGETHER GRANTED

Misses Anna and Stacia Toole Inseparable During 50 Years in City.

Inseparable companions throughout the 50 years they lived in Washington, to which they came from Ireland when young women, two sisters, Misses Anna and Stacia Toole, will be buried side by side in Mount Olivet cemetery tomorrow morning, following joint funeral services in St. Peter's Catholic church at 10 o'clock.

Onset of heart disease following bronchitis. They often had expressed the wish that they would die together, but until the final stages of their illness they were separated by a few days. Miss Anna was 76 years old, and she had been ill nine days. Miss Stacia, 68, had been ill thirteen days. The former died Tuesday, and the latter, ignorant of the death of Anna, died yesterday.

Prior to the church services, prayers will be said at 818 C street southeast, where the sisters had lived for years with their niece and nephew, Miss Adele Torrens and Mrs. Torrens. They were the last surviving members of their immediate family.

MRS. OLIVIA M. SQALED

Services to Be Held Saturday for Widow of Marine Band Organizer.

Requiem mass for Mrs. Olivia M. Scaled, widow of Capt. Francis Scaled, organizer of the United States Marine band, will be said at 9 o'clock Saturday morning at St. Peter's Catholic church.

Mrs. Scaled died Tuesday at her home, 318 South Carolina avenue southeast. She was 80 years old.

Mrs. Scaled was born in Richmond, Va., and came to Washington as a child with her father, Philip Arth, a member of the band. Her brothers, John and Joseph Arth, now dead, also were members of the band. Captain Scaled was his leader when President Tyler took office. He was the composer of many marches and songs.

Mrs. Scaled is survived by five daughters, Mrs. F. T. Johnson, Miss Estelle Scaled, Miss Amorita Scaled, Miss Isabel Scaled, Mrs. S. H. Keyser, and four sons, Dr. Norman Scaled, Dr. George Scaled, Francis Scaled and Benvenuto Scaled. Her cousin, Christopher Arth, is director of the National Theater orchestra. Another cousin, Charles Arth, formerly was assistant district attorney.

WILLIAM L. STEPHENS DEAD

Revenue Bureau Employee Formerly Served As Judge in Alabama.

William L. Stephens, 59 years old, who has been connected with the internal revenue bureau here for the last 10 years, died yesterday in his apartment in the Charleston, Sixteenth and B streets northwest, following an acute heart attack.

Mr. Stephens was a native of Alabama, where he formerly was a judge. He lived here with his son, D. H. Stephens, who survives him. He also is survived by a daughter, Mrs. J. Beers, of New York. He probably will be buried Saturday afternoon in Congressional cemetery, although funeral arrangements were not completed until after the arrival of his daughter.

Funeral services for William Stephens, 46 years old, statistician with the Chesapeake & Potomac Telephone Co., will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock at the S. H. Hines funeral chapel, 2901 Fourteenth street northwest. Rev. P. C. Gavan, of the Shrine of the Sacred Heart, will officiate.

SERVICE BANDS STIR MUSIC UNION DISPUTE

Marine, Army and Navy Concerts Canceled at Industrial Show. EXHIBITS SEEN BY 8,000

Protests from the Musicians Protective union resulted in cancellation of concerts by the Marine, Army and Navy bands at the industrial exposition of the Washington Chamber of Commerce in the Washington auditorium. It was learned last night. The Army band played the opening night. The union contended that music by service bands for any function other than those directed or sponsored by the government is unfair competition.

As the exposition went into the first day of its second half it saw the largest attendance since its opening. Approximately 8,000 people had seen the exhibits from the time the doors open in the morning until they closed at night.

The show also took on color and a spirit of enthusiasm as it began its last stretch. An Indian, dressed in the blankets, strolled about the floor. A gladiator of old Rome stalked about, and two girls, dressed as soldiers, drew in their wake a mob of urchins.

Last night's performance was broadcast through station WJAL. The stage had been transformed into a broadcasting studio.

Dorsey W. Hyde, jr., secretary of the chamber, over the radio urged a "conservative industrial development" of Washington which would be competitive to the beauty of the city. Washington is prosperous, but entirely too many boys and girls after finishing school have to go elsewhere to seek employment, he stated, adding that the future of Washington is in the hands of the men and women of the city.

Emile Berliner, inventor, also gave a short address in which he expressed his surprise at the many industries of Washington which the exposition brought before the people. Martin Leese, president of the chamber, also spoke.

Returns License When She 'Goes Back' on Him

Cumberland, Md., March 16.—Because his bride-to-be, Miss Hazel G. Rawlings, changed her mind and declined to be married to him, Walter Percy Hall, of this city, returned the marriage license, unused, yesterday to the clerk of the court, Lloyd L. Shaffer.

Hall's terse comment was "she went back on me." He asked that the fact that he still was unjoined be published.

Capt. M. J. Slattery, A. O. H. Leader, Dies

Albany, N. Y., March 16 (By A. P.).—Capt. Michael J. Slattery, national secretary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, died here today. He was chairman of the Hibernian committee which raised \$50,000 for a monument fund to establish the chair of Irish history in Catholic university, Washington, D. C.

MRS. ANNIE A. TOPLEY DEAD

Resident of Arlington County for Seventy-five Years. Funeral Saturday.

Mrs. Annie A. Topley, Melwood avenue, Cherrystone, Va., died yesterday afternoon after a brief illness. She had been a resident of Arlington county for 75 years. Funeral services will be held at the residence at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Burial will be in Mount Olivet cemetery, Arlington county.

Mrs. Topley was the mother of ten children, nine of whom survive. She was the wife of the late John Topley, of Dominion Heights, Va. Miss Jessie E. Topley, Samuel A. Topley, Mrs. W. W. Topley, Mrs. E. C. Topley, Mrs. W. Topley, Mrs. N. P. Topley, and Cleveland L. Topley, all of Cherrystone, a stepson, Harry T. Topley, one brother, Millard Topley, and two sons, one a great-grandson also survive.

UNITED STATES MARINE BAND

Services Held at Home for Machinists' Auxiliary Worker.

Funeral services for Estella C. Montague, 35 years old, who died Monday at her home, 1818 Pennsylvania avenue southeast, were held yesterday morning. She was formerly connected with the executive offices of the Machinists' union and after leaving the employ of the union was active in the auxiliary.

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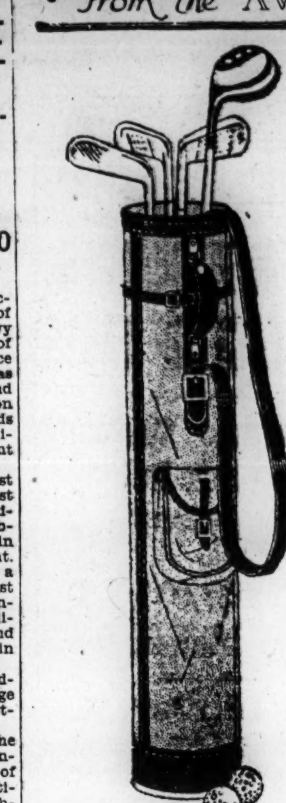
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From the AVENUE at NINTH



The "Potomac Park" Golf Outfit \$9.75

You'll see plenty of them on the public courses—popular with beginners who want an unusually good outfit, reasonably priced.

The set consists of a durable leather-trimmed bag, four clubs and two golf balls.

An excellent assortment of the famous MacGregor Clubs and Sets now on display on the third floor.

Parker Budget Co. The Avenue at Ninth

NATIONALLY KNOWN STORE

Boulevard Apartments

No. 2121 New York Ave. N.W. All Finished and Ready for Occupancy Phone Main 6850

Furnished and Unfurnished Apartments Rentals, \$65.00 to \$115.00 Per Month

Real kitchens completely equipped with refrigerator, built-in bath with shower; full bathroom with toilet, sink and tub; valet service, messenger service and taxi service.

Before you rent in the vicinity of the Boulevard inspect our apartments. Never before have the people of Washington been offered such rental values. Make your reservation now for furnished or unfurnished apartments. In renting an apartment near the Boulevard and your family are at the very heart of Washington's playgrounds.

Boulevard Apartment Company

Wm. Frank Tyson, Sec.-Treas. 738 Investment Bldg. Main 1580

AVOID UGLY PIMPLES

A pimply face will not embarrass you much longer if you get a package of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, bowels and liver with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. The successful substitute for calomel; there's no sickness or pain after taking them.

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets do what which calomel does, and just as effectively, but their action is gentle and safe instead of severe and irritating. No one who takes Olive Tablets "tastes" a bad breath, a dull, listless, "no good" feeling, constipation, torments, a bad disposition or pimply face.

Olive Tablets are a purely vegetable compound mixed with olive oil; know them by their olive color. Dr. Edwards spent years among patients with liver, stomach and bowel complaints and Olive Tablets are the immensely effective result. Take nightly for a week. See how much better you feel and look. 15c, 30c, 60c.—Adv.

Ten Years Go When Fat Goes

And millions know a very easy way

Excess fat is usually inexcusable, and millions of people know that. That blight to style and beauty, health and fitness need not be continued. The years that it adds can be dropped.

The modern way of fat reduction is Marmola Prescription Tablets. No unusual exercise or diet is required. Simply take four tablets daily until weight comes down to normal. It does not usually take long. Marmola has been used for 19 years. Delighted users have told others about it until the use has spread everywhere. Now people are taking a very large amount.

You see the results in every circle. Slenderness is common, excess fat is rare. Ask those people who have gained new youth, new beauty in this scientific way. They will urge you to use what they used.

Go learn what Marmola means to you. Watch the results. You will always be glad that you learned of this modern method.

Marmola Prescription Tablets are sold by all druggists at \$1 per box. If your druggist is out, he will get them at once from his jobber.

MARMOLA

The Pleasant Way

COOLIDGE CHANGES DIMMED BY DAWES, EDWARDS ASSERTS

Will Keep President From the
Nomination on First Bal-
lot, Says Senator.

DECLARES THAT PEOPLE
OPPOSE "THIRD TERM"

Mentions Smith as One Who
Appeals to Farmer as Well
as City Voters.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.
Vice President Charles G. Dawes, who was named on Tuesday by Senator Simon D. Pess, of Ohio, as the inheritor of the Coolidge mantle if the President decided not to be a candidate, was pictured yesterday by Senator Edward I. Edwards, of New Jersey, as the man whose strength in the next Republican convention will be sufficient to keep President Coolidge from getting the nomination on the first ballot.

Senator Edwards, Democratic wet, naturally expressed considerable disagreement with the views of his colleague from Ohio. His conclusion was that the chief executive would not be a candidate. He also said that Senator Pess' statement was an admission that the Republicans could not win again unless the President was willing to defy third-term tradition and that prosperity was a "well-propagandized myth."

Strangely enough, Senator Edwards made only a passing reference to any Democratic candidate. He mentioned the appeal which Gov. Al Smith of New York would make to the farmers as an influence that would be weighed by the Republican old guard in abandoning the President, but grew almost enthusiastic in his comment upon the Vice President.

Dawes' Popularity Emphasized.
Senator Edwards stamped Dawes as the most popular man in the Senate and one who had taken every advantage of the opportunity afforded him for successful political maneuvering. In the opinion of the New Jersey senator, the administration supporters are deeply concerned over the ascendancy of the Dawes boom.

"Disregarding the right or wrong of a White House occupant seeking a third term," said Senator Edwards, "the American people can confidently be relied upon to look with disfavor upon any effort of Mr. Coolidge to be re-elected President."

"For Senator Pess, of Ohio, to say that President Coolidge will have to run again is an admission on the part of one of the recognized spokesmen of the Republican party that the G. O. P. can not repeat the 1924 triumph unless its present leader is made to defy a well founded constitutional tradition."

"Although Mr. Coolidge has been elected President only once, his accession to the Harding throne, because of the death of the latter, is recognized by all America as being equivalent to a complete term in office."

Declared Farmers Oppose Coolidge.
"President Coolidge is not the strong, silent, impregnable candidate that he was in 1924, although a well-propagandized prosperity myth has surrounded him even when there has been no prosperity. American agriculture owes the enormous sum of \$12,000,000,000. The American farmer and those directly associated with him in his endeavors to gain an honest living constitute a little more than one-third of our population. How many of this class, which is overwhelmingly Republican, will support a third term of Coolidge?"

President Coolidge recently made known that he did not favor the proposed treaty. The proposal contemplated:

1. Financial and economic rehabilitation of Nicaragua through the aid of an American financial adviser and an American receiver general of customs.
2. Preservation of peace throughout the country by use of American forces.
3. An American military mission to establish a constabulary force and train it for ten years.
4. A \$20,000,000 loan for construction of a railway to the Atlantic coast of Nicaragua, for highways, for refunding the Nicaraguan debt and settlement of claims arising from the revolution.
5. Improvement of the "health and general welfare" of Nicaragua with assistance of American experts.

CIVIL SERVICE PLANS
FOR DRY FORCE FIXED
Examinations for 2,500 Jobs
Likely to Be Followed
by Oral Tests.

Further plans for placement of the bureau of prohibition in the civil service were announced yesterday by the United States civil service commission.

At the time of the passage of the act of March 3, it was expected that 3,000 employees of the prohibition service already were in the classified service, thereby making a total of 3,500 employees engaged in enforcement of the anti-alcohol act and office workers. Civil service commission officials yesterday said examinations for the 2,500 newly-classified positions will include about 1,500 prohibition agents, 300 inspectors, 100 alcohol and brewery inspectors, 100 investigators, 100 warehouse agents, 60 administrators and 60 deputy administrators. Explaining that the basic examination in all probability will be supplemented by an oral test, they said, in order to give this it will be necessary to send investigators to interview applicants in various parts of the country.

REED DENIES SAYING
HE HAS QUIT POLITICS

Missourian Asserts That He
Only Has Declined to Run
Again for Senate.

Detroit, March 16 (By A. P.).—Emphatic denial was made today by Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, of a statement as printed in the Detroit Free Press and transmitted through the Associated Press, quoting him as saying he is "out of politics."

The statement was said to have been made by Senator Reed during an address Monday night.

"I have made no address while here to defend Mr. Ford in this \$1,000,000 libel suit," he said.

"I have made no statement regarding politics. None is necessary, other than the one of a year ago that I will not again run for the United States Senate."

man, will be willing to instruct their delegates in the 1928 convention for Mr. Coolidge. The grand old party is not going to name a candidate who will be a target for the poisoned arrows of one-third of our population.

"And with the shadow of Al Smith, who speaks the language of the farmer as well as the mother tongue of the large Eastern interests, beclouding the political skies, Warwicks of stand-pat and reaction are going to sound the cost of Coolidgeism well in advance of 1928."

Dawes' Prestige Declared Increased.
"Then there are the admitted and confessed White House aspirations of the Vice President to consider. His prestige during the last session of the Congress was increased a hundred fold. To my mind the Vice President was the most popular man who sat in the United States Senate during the last session. He is an extremely likable fellow, who remains silent not because of a Vermont marble inhibition, but because the very nature of the office does not easily lend itself to loquacity. But it is the most fertile post in American for deep, hard thinking and successful political maneuvering. And Mr. Dawes has taken every advantage of the fertile fields."

"The Coolidge wing of the Republican party is deeply concerned over the Vice President's ascendancy and my prediction is that the Dawes boom will reach such menacing proportions in the South, middle and far West before June of next year, that Mr. Coolidge will go into the convention with less votes than can nominate him on the first ballot."

"And if my prediction is true, and Mr. Coolidge does not receive the nomination on the first ballot, the chances of success in his hands in the White House will have diminished 70 per cent. In my opinion President Coolidge will not be a candidate for renomination."

VICTORIES FOR LIBERALS
IN NICARAGUA CLAIMED

Diaz Aviators, However, Say
Sacasa Forces Have Fled
From Tierra Azul.

TREATY PROPOSAL HERE

Managua, Nicaragua, March 16 (By A. P.).—Aviators of the conservative army returning to Managua from the battle front said today that in an aerial attack they aided the conservative forces in driving the liberal forces carrying out successfully an operation against Tierra Azul, from which place liberals were seen fleeing. The aviators were unable to give any details with regard to casualties.

The conservatives remained yesterday at Minerva, to which place they retreated from May Muz the previous night after they were decisively defeated and their ammunition became exhausted in an hour's fight with the liberals. The conservatives left 80 dead on the field.

Scores of men wounded in the fighting are arriving at Managua.

Mexico City, March 16 (By A. P.).—Pedro J. Zepeda, the liberal Nicaraguan government's minister, quoting from a message received from liberal President Sacasa, said the Sacasa forces are still winning victories over the troops of Conservative President Diaz.

The message said Gen. Moncada had defeated the conservatives between Doce and Teutepac and that Gen. Sanabria had won a victory over the Diaz troops at Tierra Azul. The message added that 200 conservatives at Teutepac have revolted and now are supporting Sacasa.

Text of Proposed Treaty
With Nicaragua Received

The text of the proposed Nicaraguan treaty involving a protectorate over the Latin-American country by the United States was received by the State Department yesterday.

Secretary of State Kellogg made known he would give the full text careful study, although he made it clear he did not favor it on the basis of summaries previously telegraphed to this country.

President Coolidge recently made known that he did not favor the proposed treaty. The proposal contemplated:

1. Financial and economic rehabilitation of Nicaragua through the aid of an American financial adviser and an American receiver general of customs.

2. Preservation of peace throughout the country by use of American forces.

3. An American military mission to establish a constabulary force and train it for ten years.

4. A \$20,000,000 loan for construction of a railway to the Atlantic coast of Nicaragua, for highways, for refunding the Nicaraguan debt and settlement of claims arising from the revolution.

5. Improvement of the "health and general welfare" of Nicaragua with assistance of American experts.

CIVIL SERVICE PLANS
FOR DRY FORCE FIXED
Examinations for 2,500 Jobs
Likely to Be Followed
by Oral Tests.

Further plans for placement of the bureau of prohibition in the civil service were announced yesterday by the United States civil service commission.

At the time of the passage of the act of March 3, it was expected that 3,000 employees of the prohibition service already were in the classified service, thereby making a total of 3,500 employees engaged in enforcement of the anti-alcohol act and office workers.

Civil service commission officials yesterday said examinations for the 2,500 newly-classified positions will include about 1,500 prohibition agents, 300 inspectors, 100 alcohol and brewery inspectors, 100 investigators, 100 warehouse agents, 60 administrators and 60 deputy administrators. Explaining that the basic examination in all probability will be supplemented by an oral test, they said, in order to give this it will be necessary to send investigators to interview applicants in various parts of the country.

REED DENIES SAYING
HE HAS QUIT POLITICS

Missourian Asserts That He
Only Has Declined to Run
Again for Senate.

Detroit, March 16 (By A. P.).—Emphatic denial was made today by Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, of a statement as printed in the Detroit Free Press and transmitted through the Associated Press, quoting him as saying he is "out of politics."

The statement was said to have been made by Senator Reed during an address Monday night.

"I have made no address while here to defend Mr. Ford in this \$1,000,000 libel suit," he said.

"I have made no statement regarding politics. None is necessary, other than the one of a year ago that I will not again run for the United States Senate."

TROUBLE IN MEXICO
MAGNIFICENT ASSERTS
SECRETARY KELLOGG

Oil and Land Law Strife Still
Held Susceptible to
Negotiation.

TENSION GROWING LESS,
STATE OFFICIALS SAY

Solution May Be Through
Private Owners and Gov-
ernment, Is Belief.

American-Mexican relations have not proceeded beyond the range of settlement, nor has this government given up hope of working out a peaceful solution of the problems now confronting the two governments. It was said yesterday by Secretary Kellogg, who also declared that no American ultimatum has been dispatched to Mexico and the thought of war never has been considered.

Secretary Kellogg yesterday summed up the present situation regarding the oil and land law strife as far less critical than the public has been led to believe. The controversy over the Mexican oil and land laws still is regarded as susceptible to negotiation, it was said.

Although the State Department continues to maintain the strictest secrecy regarding the negotiations, it was said that Mexico has not officially transmitted to this government any word indicating the Calles government was prepared to adjust the difficulties over American owned properties. Officials plainly indicated, however, lessening of the tension between Washington and Mexico City.

See Private Negotiations.

The solution, it was inferred, may be through private negotiation between American owners and the Mexican government. Owners of property in Mexico have talked with Secretary of State Kellogg about their cases and communications in their behalf have been dispatched to Mexico City. However, some owners have taken up their cases directly with Mexico, and while State Department officials have not been informed as to just what was done, there is reason to believe the Calles regime is disposed to negotiate directly and promptly with these American oil producers.

Occasion also was taken to clarify the misunderstanding prevailing with regard to the smuggling convention between the United States and Mexico. This agreement was proclaimed in Washington March 18, 1926, both governments stipulating that the engagement will become effective ten days thereafter for a period of one year. The agreement said:

"If upon the expiration of one year after the convention shall have been in force no notice is given by either party of a desire to terminate the same, it shall continue in force until 30 days after either party shall have given notice to the other of a desire to terminate the convention."

No Word From Mexico.

Thus far no word has come from the Mexican government regarding any desire to terminate the agreement, and American officials believe the arrangement will be continued.

The committee on peace with Latin America of the National Council for Prevention of War presented to Secretary Kellogg yesterday a petition signed by 11,848 persons, calling on the government to submit the dispute with Mexico over the oil and land laws to arbitration.

The petition, calling for "arbitration, not force, with Mexico," was as follows:

"The critical developments between the United States and Mexico, which to arouse public opinion in both countries until reason and justice yield to armed force."

"We believe the pending issues, which concern property rights and interpretation of international agreements, can and ought to be arbitrated. President Calles has informally suggested that possibility."

"Our treaty with Mexico provides for arbitration. President Roosevelt referred to The Hague tribunal an important controversy with Mexico."

"We believe similar procedure now will be universally approved."

The petition was presented by George Lamotte, of New York, treasurer of the Foreign Policy Association. Members of the National League of Women Voters, the Y. W. C. A., the Federal Council of Churches, the National Women's Trade Union League, the American Association of University Women, the National Council of Jewish Women and the W. C. T. U. were signers of the petition.

Gibson Will Head
Naval Parley Group

(By the Associated Press.)
The present American delegation at the Geneva arms discussions, headed by Mr. Gibson, who has been invited to Bern, will be able to assume the additional duties incident to the proposed three-power naval conference there, it was said yesterday at the State Department.

The Washington government is preparing to take up the question of selecting a delegation to represent the United States in the forthcoming economic conference at Geneva. It has not, as yet, however, made even tentative selections nor prepared instructions to govern the delegation during the economic deliberations.

PENNINGTON SLATED
FOR NEW DRY OFFICE

Administrator, at Pittsburgh,
Is Said to Meet Secretary
Mellon's Views.

J. D. Pennington, prohibition administrator for the Pittsburgh district, will be appointed by Secretary Mellon to the new post of commissioner of prohibition, which was indicated yesterday at the Treasury Department.

Assistant Secretary Andrews, charged with prohibition enforcement, has indicated Mr. Pennington and Secretary Mellon is understood to approve of him.

Mr. Pennington is a former naval officer and his administration in Pittsburgh has been approved by business interests consuming industrial alcohol.

Herbert H. White, former army officer, who was until recently prohibition administrator for the District of Maryland enforcement area, is regarded as the probable successor to Mr. Pennington if the latter is promoted.

Mr. Haynes will be offered one of the two new posts of deputy commissioner and James E. Jones, in charge of administrative work of the enforcement machinery here, is said to be likely to get the other.

SINCLAIR IS FOUND GUILTY OF CONTEMPT OF SENATE

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

of either branch of Congress to compel answers to questions and as the constitutionality of section 102 is admitted uncertain, the case is likely to become a classic for future guidance when it is ultimately passed upon by the highest tribunal. If it goes there from the Court of Appeals, The Supreme Court decision in the Mal Daugherty case stated that committees of Congress can compel attendance of witnesses, but that they have no right to answer questions under certain conditions.

The case against Sinclair was based on the fact that he appeared before the Senate committee on public lands and surveys on March 22, 1924, and declined to answer any of 10 questions on the ground that the committee had no right to ask them because he had already appeared on five different occasions and given all facts desired and that the matter which the committee sought to inquire about had passed to the jurisdiction of the courts. Four of the 10 questions were eliminated by Justice Heehling when the case came up on demurrer. Two others were eliminated on the ground that the present trial, leaving four upon which the jury rendered their verdict.

When the jury yesterday went to dinner around 5 o'clock, it was like a deadlock. Justice Hitz had waited in court until after 5 o'clock.

Justice Hitz waited until nearly 6 o'clock before sending word to the jury room to ask if there was any prospect of an immediate verdict. This was half an hour after the jury had returned to the court room to that one of the defense prayers be read to them and after Justice Hitz, over protest of defense counsel, had reread part of his earlier charge, though the jury had not requested it.

Jurors Send Phone Messages.

While the court was waiting Justice Hitz announced that two requests had come from jurymen asking that telephone messages be transmitted for them. One message said: "Josephine, expect me when you see me." The other was to a friend stating: "Cannot keep that appointment tonight. After reading the messages, Justice Hitz adjourned the court, subject to call, as by this time it was evident that speedy verdict could not be expected."

The case was given to the jury at 1:56 o'clock; and after the court's instructions it was expected that the verdict might be a mere formality, as Justice Hitz told the jurymen the only questions they had to decide were whether he appeared, whether he was sworn, whether he was asked the questions and whether he refused to answer. All the issues involved in the question of whether the committee had the right to ask the questions, whether the committee had acted fairly or had any real authority or whether the law had been complied with in the presentation of the case or whether the questions were pertinent to any matter which the Senate committee had under inquiry were decided as matters of law by the court and not permitted to reach the jury.

Even with these restrictions, George F. Hoover and Martin W. Littleton, of defense counsel, presented their summing up arguments in such manner that the jurymen apparently were not willing to find a speedy verdict on the simple basis suggested by the prosecution and by the instructions of the court.

Prayer of Defense Read.

Justice Hitz had granted and read to the jury one of the defense prayers, which was as follows:

"The jury are instructed that, under the law they have the sole and exclusive judges of the facts of the case or the credibility of the witnesses, of the weight of the evidence and the inferences to be drawn therefrom. From the evidence, and that the question of whether or not, upon a consideration of all the evidence in this case and of the evidence drawn from such evidence, this defendant is guilty or not guilty of the charge made against him in the indictment is a question which the jury alone have the power to decide."

This was the prayer which the jurymen took home with them and which they returned to the courtroom at 4:30.

"One of the jurymen wants the

prayer read again," the foreman announced.

Justice Hitz asked the jury if that was all they desired and the jurymen said it was. The judge repeated to the jury, of his own motion, that part of his earlier instructions which he said dealt with the application of the prayer. He declared that the only questions for the jury to decide were whether the defendant was summoned, charged in the indictment, whether he was sworn, whether he appeared and was asked the questions and refused to answer them.

Hoover noted an exception to this on the ground that the court had signaled out and read a part of his earlier charge to the jury, while leaving out the rest of his charge.

The above-mentioned points were stressed in Justice Hitz' first charge to the jury, read when court convened at 1:30 p. m.

Reasons Not to Be Considered.

"The reasons that prompted him are not to be considered by you," he added. "You're not concerned in the least with the reasons that may have animated Mr. Sinclair in refusing to answer, if he did refuse."

Sinclair was not being charged with any felony, the judge added, but merely with disobedience to a lawful order.

"It is perfectly possible for a man to follow the advice of learned counsel and land in jail, just as it is possible for a man to follow the advice of learned physicians and land in a cemetery."

Justice Hitz added that no prejudice or sympathy should sway the jury. The fact that Sinclair was president of an oil company and that the price of gasoline was high should likewise have no weight, he added jokingly.

Summing up arguments were concluded during the morning session. Peyton Gordon opened for the government and George F. Hoover made the opening address to the jury for the defense. "You hold the scales of justice between the government on the one side and Harry F. Sinclair on the other," he said.

In referring to witnesses who had appeared, Hoover characterized former Senator Adams as "the man who wanted to claim senatorial privilege and make a speech."

Littleton began at 11:20 and was in his usual form and the jurymen appeared to closely follow his arguments, especially when he pleaded for fair play for his client and charged that the Senate committee exceeded its authority. Over and above the technical questions of whether Sinclair was summoned, sworn, questioned and refused to answer, Littleton said was the question of whether he was guilty of the act of a criminal. This, he argued, was for the jury to decide.

Not Criminal Case, Roberts Says.

"This latter question," he continued, "is a huge and overwhelming, a damnable one to Sinclair and beyond all others, it is 'Shall I, I, dare I stamp him as a criminal in this case?'"

Roberts concluded for the government in a fifteen-minute address. Sinclair was not being charged with a serious crime, but merely with a misdemeanor, he said. It was simply the act of a man who dies in the face of a statute, he added.

"This man went up boldly and he took his chances and he comes down here to take his chances with you," said Roberts, who asked the jury to do their duty and uphold the statute by their verdict.

DEBATERS SELECTED
TO REPRESENT G. W. U.

Three Sail for England on
April 30 to Compete in
International Contest.

John T. Trimble, of Georgia; William A. McWain, of South Carolina, and William F. Williamson, of Oklahoma, were chosen last night to represent George Washington university in the international debates to be held in England this spring. They will sail for England April 30.

They were selected by a committee composed of Dr. William Mather Lewis, president; Dr. George Farham, coach of debate; Gilbert L. Hall, faculty representative; Prof. E. C. Arnold, of the law school, and L. M. Denit, alumnus. Other contestants were Cyrus V. Hoagland, Joseph Levinson, J. H. Vesey, W. I. Cleveland, Edward Gallagher, W. R. Ogden, James R. Kirkland, Gwynn Sanders and John L. Seymour. The winners have participated in 45 debates during the winter.

Following last night's debates a dinner was given the members of the debating squad. Hoagland was elected manager for next season to succeed Trimble.

SENATOR REED CALLS
SLUSH FUND MEETING

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.)

ican, by his Democratic opponent, William E. Wilson.

Even this might not start the sergeant-at-arms, David S. Barry, for the ballots, as he has informed Senate leaders that he will not attempt to impound the ballots unless his expenses are paid out of regular Senate funds.

Just what the committee would do if he should persist in this stand is problematical, but some thought is being given to sending a member of the committee for the ballots.

Whoever should go is expected to be met with injunction proceedings brought by Senator Vane's representatives, who contend the life of the committee expired with the adjournment of Congress.

Only three members of the committee, Reed, Coffey and McNary, Republican, Oregon, are expected to attend the meeting Saturday as the other members King, Democrat, Utah, is in Santo Domingo, LaFollette, Republican, Wisconsin, is recuperating in the South from an illness.

Boy Shoots Playmate by Accident.

Special to The Washington Post.

Hagerstown, Md., March 16.—Robert Line, 11-year-old son of E. Le Roy Line, merchant, is in a serious condition at Keedysville as the result of being accidentally shot in the back with an old revolver by the 9-year-old son of Roy Harvey.

ANOTHER PRICE REDUCTION

PENN STRAIGHT GAS

SAVING MOTOR FUEL

MORE PEP—MORE POWER—MORE MILES—EVERY HOUR

Now Only . . . 25c

Quality Caused Our Enormous Growth

And Production Caused Our Lower Prices

Another Reason—

Why Our Products Are Sold for Less—Is That We Own and Oper- ate Our Sixty Stations and Share the Profits With the Motorists

PENN OIL COMPANY—Franklin 391

Over the Coffee Cup

TODAY this space is
dedicated to "men
only." I want to get
their reaction.

Several days ago I noticed
a tobacco ad which recalled
the fact that the present
cigarette is sold almost
entirely in a soft package,
replacing the more ex-
pensive package of a few
years back. But the cigar-
ettes are better today than
they were then.

Coffee is the same way.
There is a popular notion
that coffee cannot be the
best unless it is packed in a
tin can. This is not so.

Both cartons and bags are economical
and satisfactory pack-
ages. The quality of Wilkins
Coffee is in the coffee, not
in its container. Give it a fair
trial on the quality basis and
let it live or die on the result.

WILKINS
COFFEE

Forty cents
the pound

LETTER, DATED 1804, PRESENTED IN FIGHT ON DRY AMENDMENT

Gouverneur Morris' View Said
to Hold Adoption by Con-
gress Invalid.

SUPREME COURT HOLDS
QUORUM WAS INTENDED

Two-Thirds of All Members
Required, Is the Opinion
Offered at Albany.

Albany, N. Y., March 16 (By A. P.).—Constitutionality of the prohibition amendment was assailed by a petitioner in the legislature today on the basis of a 123-year-old letter contained in a musty volume published 85 years ago.

If this volume, little known and apparently never before discovered by the opponents of prohibition, had been in the hands of the United States Supreme Court when that body upheld the eighteenth amendment, the petitioner asserted in effect, the court probably would have ruled against the amendment and prohibition would have died at birth.

Acknowledging his own impotence to take direct action in Washington toward reversal of the august Federal body's decision, based though it might be on misapprehension and lack of information the petitioner yet expressed hope that something might be done by the State government, if investigation showed a justification for action.

The petitioner was Elliot Tuckerman, a New York lawyer and a former member of the State legislature, and the book on which he based his petition was "The Life of Gouverneur Morris," by Jared Sparks, published in 1832.

The letter which Tuckerman asserted showed the Supreme court to have acted in upholding the prohibition amendment in contradiction to the intent of the drafters of the constitution was written in 1804 by Morris to Uriah Tracy, then a United States senator.

Tuckerman also quoted from the first inaugural address of George Washington to strengthen his assertion that the Supreme court did not correctly interpret the intentions of the men who framed the Constitution in the prohibition ruling. Washington differentiated sharply between the "ordinary objects" submitted to Congress and "occasional powers," including amendments, in the use of which he expresses confidence that special care will be taken.

The petition was referred to committee.

The whole question of the constitutionality of the eighteenth amendment, Tuckerman said, depended on

the meaning of one short and ambiguous phrase in the fifth article of the Constitution, the article which deals with the manner in which amendments may be proposed to the States by Congress.

Right of Quorum Is Issue.

This article reads that Congress shall propose amendments "whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary."

The late Speaker Reed ruled in 1888 that this should be interpreted to mean two-thirds of a quorum such as is necessary for the transaction of ordinary business, one-half of the members and one of each house. This interpretation the Supreme court accepted when the first prohibition case under the eighteenth amendment came before it, and it since has remained the accepted interpretation.

The letter from Gouverneur Morris to Senator Tracy, however, reads as follows: "The idea that two-thirds of the whole number of senators and of the whole number of representatives are required by the Constitution to propose an amendment, is certainly correct."

The eighteenth amendment, Tuckerman reminded the State legislature, was proposed by two-thirds of a quorum of both houses, but not by two-thirds of the full membership, and so, according to Morris' interpretation of the fifth article, was not constitutional.

Other letters in the Sparks book, signed by Morris himself and by James Madison, were cited to prove that Morris was the actual drafter of the Constitution, and therefore there could be no superior authority on its intent.

(By the Associated Press.)

Supreme Court lawyers, familiar through long practice with its methods, predicted last night that an extraordinary showing would be required before the court would reopen the prohibition controversy.

Newly discovered evidence, they pointed out, is always considered ample grounds for a court to review its action, but in their judgment the questions presented at Albany are not sufficiently meritorious to bring another decision on the constitutionality of the eighteenth amendment.

Impressed with the court's oft-repeated pronouncement that the amendment represented the sentiment of the people and the earnest support which the court has given to its enforcement, court observers declared that something more than a technical construction given the Constitution by one of its framers, would be required to reopen the matter.

Discussing methods of bringing the question again before the court, the suggestion was made that in all probability it would have to come in a petition asking permission to raise the issue, this leaving the matter of granting the permission entirely to the discretion of the court.

While, under the Constitution New York State could itself come into the court as a litigant in certain appellate proceedings, it can not seek the jurisdiction of the court in such a case as is involved in testing the prohibition amendment, without, it is declared, obtaining the consent of the court.

Durkin's Wife Gets Divorce.

Bloomington, Ill., March 16 (By A. P.).—Irma Sullivan Durkin, pretty Cornell, Ill., girl, and wife of Martin Durkin, had been granted a divorce from the Chicago gunman at Pontiac.

The decree gave her the right to assume her maiden name. Durkin is assuming her maiden name. Durkin is assuming a prison term for the murder of a Federal officer.

BURIED IN OLD WELL 13 HOURS, FARMER'S FRIENDS RESCUE HIM

Tons of Rock Cave In Upon
Man 40 Feet Below the
Earth's Surface.

NO TELEPHONE AT HAND,
TRUCK GOES AFTER AID

Air Is Supplied to Prisoner
With Blacksmith's Bellows;
Taken Out Unhurt.

Stephens Home, Chatham county, N. C., March 16 (By A. P.).—Jeff Ashworth, 20-year-old farmer, tonight was recovering here from the exposure and excitement of having been buried alive for thirteen hours in an old well.

Aside from exposure, severe headache and dull shooting pains of which he complained, he had apparently suffered little physical injury. Physicians said he needed absolute rest, and probably could be removed to his own home tomorrow.

Ashworth made the following statement to the Associated Press:

"It must have been a miracle, but now I want to sleep. There was plenty of room under the roof formed by the stones, but falling debris and lack of air caused me much discomfort. I breathed deep for air, deeper, deeper, but the air all day and night got thinner and thinner.

"At first I was cool, but later I began to fear for my rescue, and reckon this was due partly to a flash of what had occurred to Floyd Collins, in Kentucky, and, actually, the thin air. The doctors say it was both.

"Then I felt awfully much alone. I thought how deep down I was. But back of my mind was the thought that I had friends working above."

Ashworth's young wife told of the work of digging "my Jeff" out and asserted that "Jeff has cleaned out his last well."

"It was shortly before 11 o'clock yesterday morning that Jeff was lowered into the well," she said. "It was an old well, probably 50 years old. At about 40 feet down rock started falling. Jeff yelled up to pull him up but before the men at the windlass could reverse the whole walls toppled in. It sounded like thunder. I just knew Jeff had been killed."

"I called to him but he didn't answer. A new rope tackle was rigged up and the men started bringing out the rocks, one by one, but there wasn't enough help. They kept yelling to Jeff but still he didn't answer. There wasn't a telephone in 10 miles. One of the boys grabbed a truck and went off after help. Soon the whole neighborhood came. There must have been 500 people there. They worked like dogs."

"Four men were in the hole lifting out rocks. Six above worked the windlass. The rock pile on top began to grow and finally one of the men in the pit said he heard Jeff. Everybody crowded about the mouth of the hole."

"We could hear Jeff's voice, but it was mighty weak. Help, I am burning up, we finally heard him say."

Given Air With Bellows.

"Somebody said he needed air. They rushed around and found an old blacksmith's bellows. Somebody found some rubber hose. We rigged it up and stuck the end down through the rocks and pumped, but it didn't look like any air was getting to Jeff."

"Help, I'm burning up," he kept moaning. All day we worked. The Stephens' cooked us food and we kept on working. Lamps and lanterns lighted up and we kept on.

"Jeff talked stronger about night, said he was still burning up. He cried for water and we worked hard, but it was slow work. Then we uncovered his head. He was bloody, dirty and sweaty. We gave him a drink and wrapped him up in a warm blanket. Soon after 11 o'clock we drew him out."

Hundreds of curiously seekers tonight had basted their eyes over the rocky 10-mile trail from Fuquay Springs and had returned. Oscar Stephens, for whom Ashworth was working, refused to let him be taken to Fuquay Springs and called the doctors to his home. He said the ancient well would be filled up immediately.

WOMEN FIGHT TO SEE
ROYAL RUSSIAN GEMS

Nuptial Crown of Catherine
the Great Among Jewels
Sold at London.

London, March 16 (By A. P.).—Women fought for admission to Christie's showrooms today to attend an auction of a collection of royal Russian jewels, including the famous nuptial crown of Catherine the Great, which brought a total of £80,581, or almost \$400,000.

The nuptial crown, as it is described to distinguish it from the great imperial coronation crown, was sold early to a Paris firm for £5,100. It has double rows of fine brilliants set in borders of smaller stones and surmounted by a cross of six large brilliants.

Necklaces, tiaras, pendants, bracelets, gold goblets and a jewel-encrusted court sword of Paul I—all jewels worn by the rulers and nobility of imperial Russia—bought recently by an English syndicate, were sold in 124 lots.

The glittering treasures, holding so many romantic and tragic associations, were taken from a secret underground strongroom, where they had been guarded night and day, only a few minutes before the sale.

Cafe Where Artists
Gather Is Bombed

San Francisco, March 16 (By A. P.).—The picturesque Cafe Mimi Imperato, gathering place of San Francisco artists, was damaged early today by a bomb which had been planted in a window of the place. The explosion caused widespread fright in the district, but no one was injured.

Homes in the vicinity of the cafe and windows in a score of houses were shattered by the blast.

WOMEN SAVED BY DIVER WHEN TRAPPED IN AUTO

Policeman at Atlantic City
Swims Out, Breaks Glass
and Rescues Them

HE GOES TO A HOSPITAL

Atlantic City, N. J., March 16 (By A. P.).—Trapped in their closed automobile, which they inadvertently had driven over an embankment into the waters of the Thorofare, two Philadelphia women were saved from drowning early today by a policeman who swam inside the car to rescue them.

The two women, Mrs. Charles Doolin, wife of the former manager of the Philadelphia National baseball club and Mrs. A. D. Allen, were revived in a nearby home and later taken to Mrs. Doolin's home in a taxicab. The policeman, William Coleman, was taken to a hospital.

Mrs. Doolin had been driving the car and evidently becoming confused as to the location of the Albany avenue pontoon bridge, drove to the right, over the embankment and into the water.

The machine was lying in nine feet of water, and Coleman, breaking a window, swam inside. He grasped Mrs. Doolin and assisted her to the shore. He then returned and found Mrs. Allen in a semiconscious condition with her head under water. One leg had been caught under the steering wheel and Coleman was unable to extricate her. Others, however, had been attracted to the scene and Coleman managed to keep Mrs. Allen's head above water until firemen could lower a ladder and rescue her.

Girl Slayer Freed
By Jury as Insane

Stanley, N. Dak., March 16 (By A. P.).—Alice Holst, 20 years old, was acquitted today of the murder of William Nafus, shot to death here December 13 after the girl said he had attacked her. The jury held that she was not guilty because of insanity.

The girl smiled faintly and then shook her head with each of the jurors. As she left the courtroom she began to sob.

Attorneys contended that the girl was suffering from psychotic epilepsy and that she was in a seizure when she killed Nafus from a pool hall and shot him.

The girl testified she could not recall having killed Nafus.

Music Box's Chorus
Can't Dance in Court

Jackson, Miss., March 16 (By A. P.).—The Black Bottom, or "any theatrical performance that has been charged with impropriety," will not be permitted in Judge Longson's court. The court ruled today in the trial of George E. Wintz, manager of the Music Box Revue.

Wintz and other members of the troupe were on trial for alleged presentation of chorus girls on the stage impropriety clad. Defense counsel sought to have the dancers present their "act" in the costumes they wore on the stage, but the court ruled otherwise. Wintz was acquitted.

Teacher's Dismissal
Stirs Student Revolt

Superior, Wis., March 16 (By A. P.).—Rebelling against the discharge of Miss Lulu Dickinson, English instructor in the Superior Central high school for 23 years, many students refused to recite in class rooms today and created a disorder in the corridors that Principal C. B. Wade was unable to quell. A protest meeting of students last night brought threats of a strike.

Miss Dickinson's discharge was announced yesterday. The school board refused to give the reason, but declared she was warned "not to pursue the line of conduct she had followed in her duties as an instructor." She was scheduled for retirement on a pension in two years.

Parliament's Title
Changed by Bill

London, March 16 (By A. P.).—The third reading has been given in the house of commons to the royal and parliamentary titles bill. The bill changes the titles of the king and parliament. Instead of being the parliament of Great Britain and Ireland it is now the united parliament of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

IN CELEBRATION of the FIRST ANNIVERSARY

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Two Specially Selected Groups

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Greatly Underpriced

150 \$15
DRESSES

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In the group so notably underpriced at \$15 are included charming dresses for all daytime wear and occasions in Georgetown, Crepe Romaine, Crepe Romaine and Satin, Flat Crepe and noncrushable, washable Shantung—the colors running the full range of the current season's preference and demand.

At \$25 you will find the new Lace and Georgette Combinations, shown in all the new shades; Jersey and Silk Combinations; wonderfully chic models in Georgette and Crepe Elizabeth, Flat Crepe, Gingham Taffeta; also a number of Dresses of Sportswear character and jaunty.

Sizes 13 to 17 for Juniors
" 14 to 20 for Misses
" 36 to 46 for Matrons

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of Your Patronage Into Terms of Savings Well Worth While.

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Feminine Apparel of Individuality
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WE Pay Good Prices for
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Cars leave Terminal
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Every hour on the hour
9 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Week Days
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Financially Strong
Technically Skillful
Governmentally Supervised
with an enduring life
Name the
FEDERAL-AMERICAN
NATIONAL BANK
As Executor of Your Estate.

Fire-Proof
Storage
Merchants Transfer
and Storage Co.

PACKARD

THE PRICE of the
T Packard Six five-
passenger Sedan has
been reduced by \$335.
We wish to make it clear
that its price is now

\$2250

at the factory, exclusive
of excise tax and freight.

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Thursday, March 17, 1927.

THE SLUSH FUND COMMITTEE.

Senator Reed, of Missouri, has announced that he has called his slush fund committee to meet in this city Saturday, for the purpose of renewing the inquiry into the Pennsylvania primary and election, and especially to impound and begin counting the ballots cast in certain counties.

The average citizen can not understand how the Reed committee has authority to act, after Senator Reed failed to secure the passage of the resolution extending the life and powers of the committee. Why did he press that resolution, even to the point of defeating necessary legislation, if his committee would have remained in existence anyhow?

The doubt as to the authority of the Reed committee is so strong that Senator Keyes, chairman of the committee in charge of the Senate's contingent fund, refused to sign a voucher to cover the expenses of the sergeant-at-arms in connection with the impounding of ballot boxes as directed by Senator Reed.

It is expected that if the committee should order the opening of ballot boxes already on hand an application will be made for a writ of injunction on the ground that the committee has no authority to act.
 Until the Reed committee's lawful existence and authority are established by law or by the Senate, its proceedings will be questioned and its prestige will be under eclipse. The sensational filibuster in the Senate made the public thoroughly aware of the fact that Senator Reed was trying to have the life of his committee extended. An attempt now to function, regardless of the defeat of the resolution, would raise universal doubt as to the validity of any action which the committee might take.

IN SELF-DEFENSE.

Few there will be to criticize the verdict of the coroner's jury which yesterday exonerated Mrs. Anna Susan Edwards for the killing of her drunken husband, who was threatening to kill her with a hammer.

According to the account of the affair given to the jury by the 11-year-old son of the couple, the man, crazed with liquor, broke down the door of the bedroom in which the mother and her three children were locked. The mother, who had first armed herself with a pistol, endeavored to escape from the infuriated brute, who had announced his purpose to kill his children as well as his wife. He pursued her and struck her with the hammer, and she shot and killed him.

If there ever was a homicide that was justified, it was in the case of Anna Susan Edwards. The coroner's jury which so promptly rendered justice in freeing the woman of the charge of murder, which the police had placed against her, acted merely as any jury would have done.

THE CORN-BORER WAR.

The first list of purchases of implements and machinery in the war against the corn-borer reads like the catalogue of an agricultural implement dealer combined with an automobile show. The Department of Agriculture has just announced that contracts have been made with various makers of machinery, agricultural implements and tractors, and automobiles.

Of the \$1,520,584.04 involved in these contracts \$102,202 goes to the International Harvester Co. for 800 stubble beaters. Deere & Co., of Moline, Ill., are to supply 440 tractors at a cost of \$281,922, and the International Harvester Co. a like number for \$283,091. Then comes the contract with the Federal Motor Truck Co., of Detroit, with an order for 64 "oil-burning apparatus" for which that company is to receive \$482,014. This machine must be designed for the aristocrats of the borer family, as the Secretary has ordered 200 "burning carriages" from the Cleveland Iron Works Co., for which he will have to pay only \$22,000.

Seventy-five Willys-Overland coupes will be used by the officers in command of the campaign, and for these the department gets a rate of \$550.50 each. The Donohoe Motor Co., of Washington, and the Ford Motor Co. are the only local concerns which get a worthwhile part of the distribution. The former will furnish 150 half-ton steel box body trucks for \$62,016 and 44 half-ton canopy top trucks for \$20,164.26, and the Ford company 364 light tractors for \$173,577.96.

Other supplies for which contracts have been made include lumber, staples, tacks, copper cloth, screening, skids and boxes, ropes and electric drills.

The \$10,000,000 which Congress appropriated will be used in cooperation with those States that aid the drive financially. Already New York, Indiana, Pennsylvania, Michigan and Ohio have enacted the necessary legislation. It is in those States that the borer has done the most damage. The drive is being made with the prime purpose of preventing the movement of the pest into the corn belt.

The department will try to destroy, either by burning or burying deeply, every piece of corn stubble, every corncock, and every corn-

stalk in the infected district which may harbor the eggs or larvae of the insects, and while the local laws make it imperative for the farmers to aid the work in every way, the department will compensate those who "work overtime" at a stipulated rate per acre.

The task is herculean, but the officials of the Department of Agriculture are going at it with a firm determination to beat the borer before he gets ready to extend his operations.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

For a man who has been so long dead and about the facts of whose life so much uncertainty exists, St. Patrick occupies a great place in the world today. Religious ceremonies and social functions are being held in his honor on this his festival not only in Dublin, the chief city of the country he evangelized, and in Armagh, where he established his primatial see, but also in many of the capitals of the principal nations of the world—in Washington, in London, in Paris, in Madrid and in Vienna—as well as in Canada, Newfoundland, South Africa, Australia and New Zealand, and in many outposts of Christianity in the Far East. It is of singular significance that the name of Patrick has just been placed for the first time in the calendar of the Church of England at the very moment when other saints of long standing—St. Helen, St. Valentine, St. Crispin, to name no others—are being struck off. This is a signal recognition of the important place he holds in the British Isles. Catholics and Protestants alike claim him as the patron and founder of their respective churches in Ireland. In Dublin today eulogies are being pronounced on him, in the Irish language, both in the Catholic cathedral and in the Protestant cathedral which takes its name from the saint himself.

It is not known with certainty when or where Patrick was born, but there is a considerable amount of agreement that his death took place at Saul, Downpatrick, Ireland, late in the fifth century. There is fair historical ground for believing that, after having been in his youth a slave in Ireland for six years, during which time he mastered the Irish tongue, and after escaping from those who held him in thrall, he prepared himself for the priesthood with the idea of returning to convert the Irish nation to Christianity. He served his apprenticeship as a missionary under St. Germain of Auxerre, and accompanied the latter on his celebrated "invasion" of Britain, undertaken in order to combat the erroneous teachings of Pelagius. Patrick was thus no novice when he received from Pope Celestine I the commission of preaching the gospel to the Irish race.

In some respects, this task was far from easy, for the Druids were up in arms against him, as they saw their spiritual supremacy and the prestige that went with it threatened by the exponent of the new doctrine, and on many occasions violence was used against him and his companions, and they were occasionally in danger even of death. In other respects, however, it was not so difficult, for the Irish of the fifth century were a highly civilized and well educated people, eager for knowledge, inquisitive about new things, and of a logical turn of mind that made them willing to accept conclusive argument even when it conflicted with their preconceived ideas. To such a people the plucking of a shamrock from the sword, as was done by Patrick at Tara, in presence of the Ard-Righ or High King and his chieftains, in order to give them a rough idea of what he meant when he spoke of the mystery of the Trinity, was a telling illustration. It was, indeed, a master stroke of genius or inspiration, and from that distant day of 433 down to the present time the shamrock has always been the symbol of Patrick and of Erin, and assuredly it commemorates an important event in the history of mankind.

Patrick was a great organizer. He founded churches in every province of Ireland and appointed pastors and consecrated bishops to carry on his work both during his lifetime and especially after he should have passed away. Like many another good bishop, he was not much of a scholar, and yet he succeeded in laying the foundation of that intensive study combined with sanctity that made Ireland known for several centuries as the "Light of the West," the island of holy and learned men. From Ireland, too, went forth to the ends of the earth missionaries to proclaim and spread the doctrine which Patrick taught, and this consideration helps to explain the almost universal esteem and reverence in which he is held.

Despite the fact that Patrick himself was a man of great austerity of life, devoted to penance and prayer in an extraordinary degree, his feast has always been a joyous one, associated with innocent mirth and amusement. In nonprohibition countries the practice is still kept up of "drowning the shamrock," and in every land where his name is held in honor the celebration takes the form of dinner dance, music, song and parade.

Irishmen have good reason to be proud of their national apostle, whose memory, after more than fourteen centuries, is still so green and who commands such widespread honor and veneration.

EVADING THE CORPORATION TAX.

It is reported that the newly created congressional joint committee selected to inform Congress as to the administration of the 1926 revenue law has learned that the Treasury loses large sums of money every year by reason of the practice of many corporations in refusing to distribute all earnings in dividends, by setting apart various sums to surplus or stock dividends. It is charged that this is done to evade the payment of income tax, the Supreme Court having decided that a stock dividend is not subject to a Federal income tax.

The revenue law of 1926 (section 220) provides that if any corporation is formed for the purpose of evading income taxes by permitting its gains and profits to accumulate instead of being divided or distributed, there shall be levied and collected a tax equal to 50 per cent of the amount involved, in addition to the regular income tax.

While the joint committee is unwilling to take the word of those who appear to be guided more by prejudice and enthusiasm than by facts, nevertheless it is disposed to investigate and ascertain the truth. It is to be presumed that the Treasury Department has been and is now watchful and persistent; nevertheless the purpose of the joint committee is to give Congress full information.

In the last session of Congress, Senator Norris introduced a resolution asking the Fed-

eral Trade Commission to give the Senate information as to the number of corporations making stock dividends in 1926, and their names, and the amount of such stock issued. The trade commission replied that it did not have full information, and that it might be obtained from the Treasury Department, if there was time before the end of the session.

It is not known whether the Treasury has this complete information for the use of the joint congressional committee. However, it will be furnished without doubt. It is anticipated that then the committee can estimate how much income tax is lost by reason of a refusal of some corporations to distribute earnings as dividends.

In 1924 the Senate made a request of the Treasury Department for information as to corporation earnings, cash dividends, stock dividends and undivided surplus at the close of the fiscal year 1923 and up to January 7, 1924. The reply showed that the net taxable income of all corporations was \$4,468,660,000; cash dividends \$2,763,068,000, stock dividends \$2,547,627,000, and surplus and undivided profits \$15,110,440,000.

For the fiscal year 1924 corporations reported cash dividends \$4,338,822,000, stock dividends \$510,525,000, income tax paid \$881,549,000. In 1925 corporations paid an income tax amounting to \$916,232,697, and in 1926 an income tax amounting to \$1,094,979,000.

The decision of the Supreme Court held that stock dividends "made lawfully and in good faith" were not subject to income tax. Can Congress, in the face of this decision, amend the revenue act so as to impose an income tax on earnings set aside to surplus or stock dividends? Must lack of good faith be proved?

THE GASOLINE TAX.

Chairman Zihlman, of the House District committee, has found it necessary to issue a statement pointing out to proponents of the proposed 4-cent gasoline tax in Maryland the fact that a similar levy can not be made in the District until the next session of Congress, if even at that time. Those behind the Maryland measure have been advancing the argument that a similar step will be taken immediately by the District if the increase is voted at Annapolis. Filling station operators in nearby counties are fighting the increase on the ground that if it should become effective they will be unable to compete with Washington operators.

It was only upon the insistence of Maryland that the local gasoline tax was imposed. Until several years ago Maryland refused to recognize local automobile licenses, basing its stand on the fact that its tax created a gasoline price differential which reacted unfavorably against merchants of this commodity in contiguous communities. Not until Congress passed legislation imposing a 2-cent tax on gasoline purchased within the District was license reciprocity established.

There is no quarrel with conditions as they now exist nor would the public be inclined to complain against an increased levy should it be found necessary for revenue raising purposes. The gasoline tax is generally regarded as an equitable and just method of raising funds for street maintenance and improvement, and the public has submitted cheerfully to the 2-cent levy in the knowledge that every penny collected was to be spent upon the highway system which makes motoring possible and pleasant. If Maryland, however, which apparently feels it necessary to double its revenues from this source, attempts to thrust a similar increase on District motorists, it will be vigorously resented and undoubtedly opposed. The levy on local gasoline sales, is a matter to be decided on its own merits.

VACCINATION FACTS.

Because of statements circulated widely throughout the country wherein it is charged that vaccination as a preventive against smallpox has been followed in numerous instances by blood diseases more dreaded than that which vaccination prevents, the United States public health service has issued a bulletin in which the inaccuracy of the stories is demonstrated. The bulletin is signed by Surgeon General Ireland, of the army, and by Surgeon General Stitt, of the navy, as well as by Surgeon General Cumming, of the public health service.

Since 1917, says the bulletin, the army has vaccinated approximately 4,700,000 members of its personnel, and vaccination was administered to 950,000 officers and men of the navy during the same period. Of these 5,650,000, not one ever developed a case of blood poisoning as a result of vaccination. Also, it is pointed out, the public health service has vaccinated 2,918,748 persons in carrying out its quarantine, immigration and hospital work, and in addition more than 2,000,000 others were treated by local and State health authorities in cooperation with the service, making a grand total of more than 10,500,000 vaccinations recorded by the government medical services. Not one of the three surgeons general who signed the bulletin has ever received an allegation that any individual contracted blood disease as a result of vaccination.

That there is absolutely no danger from "blood disease" following proper vaccination is evident when it is known that under the act of Congress of July, 1902, "all establishments producing smallpox vaccine for interstate sale must be licensed by the Secretary of the Treasury upon the recommendation of the public health service." The production is controlled by regulations drawn up by a board composed of the surgeons whose signatures are attached to the bulletin.

The vaccine used in the millions of cases referred to is exactly the same as that used by physicians in private practice throughout the United States.

The bulletin is issued to reassure the public and to allay any fears that may exist through the circulation of false reports of the inoculation with the germs of a loathsome disease of those who submit to vaccination as a preventive against smallpox.

The government yesterday successfully withstood a run of postal savings depositors at West Palm Beach, who were frightened by the premature announcement that the "United States was going broke." Gen. Lord ought to quit spreading these rumors.

Senator King announces that he will not visit Haiti. As Haiti had already made the same announcement, that makes it unanimous.



The Penalty of Recognizing the First One.

PRESS COMMENT.

The Sex of Congress.
 Cincinnati Enquirer: Judging by the way Congress talks in its closing hours, it may now be properly referred to as "she."

Mean Old Things.
 Richmond Times-Dispatch: Whenever you try to talk about your interesting operation somebody insists on talking about his own trifling experience.

Good News.
 New York Evening World: The report that former Senator Wadsworth is wetter than ever and will keep on fighting will be good news among the pussyfooters.

To Avoid Strikes.
 Atchison Globe: No strikes should be declared until the question is submitted to the wives of the strikers. In such an event strikes would be extremely rare.

In Comment.
 St. Louis Post-Dispatch: "For borrowing," said Shakespeare, who was at the moment obviously commenting on the McNary-Haugen bill, "dulls the edge of husbandry."

Sleepheads.
 Louisville Courier Journal: An English statistician declares the average man who lives to be 70 sleeps 23 years. Many of them are asleep a much longer period, but don't know it.

Is It Possible?
 Nashville Banner: It is interesting to reflect that we have been taught for years to believe that the Chinese were quiet and pacific people, remarkable for their courtesy to strangers.

Fall In!
 San Diego Union: Secretary Kellogg asks the colleges to do all they can to promote Latin-American friendship for America. But so few of the colleges are equipped with marines.

Bring On Danger.
 Rushville Republican: Luck is a thing which should be accepted as it comes and which should be treated intelligently. Good luck is the most dangerous because it is the most difficult to handle.

Unfortunate Ruling.
 Minneapolis Journal: The speaker of the house of commons has just laid down a rule that tends to cramp orators in a heated debate. He says, "To speak of the ultimate destination of the honorable members of this house is not in order."

Sentiment and Logic.
 Philadelphia Ledger: Miss Helen Grimes says two girls who sat in the front row and smoked cigarettes at a legislative hearing in Harrisburg had more to do with the killing of a British control bill than any other factor. This is quite understandable. Nor is it always regrettable that strong sentiment sometimes overcomes the cold logic of a situation.

Introducing "Stunt."
 Baltimore Sun: Do not misunderstand the news that the word "stunt" has just been introduced to Britons by the Prince of Wales. The fact is that the word has long been in use in the tight little island. For example, sensational newspapers were called the "stunt press" shortly after the war. But the Brits, being notably formal, have tolerated but not recognized

Keeping Servants

By ROBERT QUILLEN

WHEN a community becomes prosperous it at once has on its hands a servant problem. The prosperous ones wish to take their ease and to be waited upon.

The servant problem, intricate as it may appear, is not beyond solution; for the human nature that is in one of us is in all of us, and the way to understand servants is first to understand man.

All of us, except the loafers and the leeches, are servants. We render to society a certain service in exchange for our board, clothes and spending money.

And all of us, except those who feed their ego on ancestors, beauty or possessions, get our chief pride from the rank we hold in the field of service.

The butler is proud because he is superior to the scullery maid. The architect is proud because he is superior to the bricklayer.

Rank, however, does not depend wholly on the degree or kind of service rendered.

The reporter who works on a metropolitan newspaper feels superior to the reporter who works on a small-town daily. The superintendent of a great railroad feels superior to the superintendent of a small one. Here, then, is a rule: The greater the boss, the prouder the servant. This may not hold good in all cases, but it is a good rule and for the most part dependable.

Consider, now, the personal servant. The manservant of the prince feels superior to the manservant of the idle and inconsequential dandy. So much will be conceded.

And the servants who work for any family that ranks high feel superior to the servants who work for nobodies.

The way to get and keep good servants is to be important enough to feed their pride.

The honeymoon continues while she can wash dishes and say happily: "These pretty things are mine."

True matrimony is a state of mind which at last brings a woman to the honest confession that she hates a pipe.

Correct this sentence: "I've had the goldfish a year," said she, "and never yet resented having to look after them."

(Copyright, 1927.)

this unsponsored newcomer, and all that the Prince of Wales has done is to supply the introduction that admits the word to society.

This is Progress.

Hudson Star: Newspaper advertising and the automobile have combined to bring the city shops to the very door of the farmhouse and the suburban home. Each day the newspapers bring a complete quotation of what can be bought, where it can be purchased, and the prices at which it can be purchased. The sale is actually made through the advertising columns of the newspaper. A visit to the store next day by automobile completes the exchange of money for merchandise. How much more convenient is this contrivance of modern commercial and industrial genius to the inefficient method of our rural forebears who knew only their personal needs. With them there was no alternative for the slow, tedious and disappointing expedient of going to town by wagon or cart and trusting to diligence and a stout pair of shoes to seek out the shop which sold that which they were in need of and which sold it at an acceptable price, if not at the lowest obtainable price.

Liquor Control.

Philadelphia Record: Canada's new liquor control bill, which has just been offered for first reading in the legislature, contains several features of particular interest. For instance, it is provided that, while local option and temperance areas are respected, a man

living in a dry municipality can take out a permit, purchase liquor from the nearest vendor and take it home in perfect safety. Thus, the bill aims to take care of the thirsty minority wherever it may be, and at the same time to respect the wishes of the dry majority. Another important item is the granting of absolute power to the control commission to refuse a permit to an individual without explanation. This is evidently designed chiefly for the protection of certain individuals from "their own worst enemies." Extra severe penalties are also provided for violations of the new act.

FAMOUS SAYINGS.

The Spartans do not inquire how many the enemy are, but where they are—Arist II.

How much nobler will be the sovereign's boast when he shall have it to say that he found law dear, and left it cheap; found it a sealed book, left it a living letter; found it the inheritance of the rich, left it the inheritance of the poor—Lord Brougham.

No place is weak where there are men capable of defending it—Chevalier Bayard.

Pity me not, I am happier than you; for I am fighting to be free while you are striving to enslave your countrymen—Francis Marion to a British officer.

I was born an American, and shall die an American—Daniel Webster.

I am not a Virginian, but an American—Patrick Henry.

Danger is sweet for Christ and my country—Prince De Condé.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

What's the Answer?

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: "O tempora! O mores! When we read about all the secrecy and sudden hush that must be maintained on all sides about a certain recent liquor shipment that through a slip of some kind became public news, we are reminded of a quotation from a famous book: "How art thou fallen from heaven, O Lucifer, son of the morning! All they shall speak and say unto thee, Art thou also become weak as we? Art thou become like unto us?"—Isaiah XIV.

But the poor devil with a half pint gets it in the neck for using, making, transporting and possession. He is penalized for living or trying to live as others are legally allowed to live. It is a joke.

FRED T. HAFELINGER.

The Designated System.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The recent contentions in the Senate over the election and appointments to fill vacancies ought to lead us to the consideration of adopting the system now prevalent in some of the countries in South America. In Colombia they have a senate and house of representatives, something on the order of ours, but in one respect they are much in advance of us. There, when a senator or representative is elected, two substitutes are also chosen to replace him in case of death or inability to serve. Had that same rule obtained with us, when the late Senator McKinley was elected a substitute would have been chosen, and thus the country would have been saved the experience of seeing a Senate refuse to seat a person duly and lawfully appointed by the governor of a State. gubernatorial appointments and a second election, with all its cost, would be avoided, under the Colombian system. To accomplish this end an amendment of the Constitution might be required, but we have become so accustomed to punching a hole in that instrument and then patching it up that another hole and patch will not greatly disfigure it.

BURRE S. OAKES.

A Western Welcome.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I was pleased to read in The Post this morning an assurance to President Coolidge that he will receive a warm welcome if he carries out his proposed plan to spend the summer in the West. I do not know Mr. Coolidge personally, nor do I belong to his political party, but I know I speak for the people of the West when I say his welcome will be such as will warm his heart. I am a citizen of that pearl city of the mountains, Denver, and I know the feeling there. Other Presidents, notably Wilson and Harding, have made flying visits to that section of our country, but we feel proud that Mr. Coolidge proposes to make his temporary home with us, be one of us. We consider this a very great honor, indeed.

The people of the mountain States are a patriotic, country-loving people. We honor the high office which Mr. Coolidge fills, and we look upon him, though differing politically, as an upright, able and true American. Our welcome to him will be to him as a man, as an American, as well as to him as the chief executive of the nation. He may leave his dogs and his coons behind him, or bring them along, the welcome will be the same. No public man loses anything by mingling with the people, and he may learn much.

FRED N. HARRISON.

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CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

THE Vice President and Mrs. Dawes, who arrived Tuesday in Havana, were entertained at a large reception last evening at the president's palace. Vice President and Mrs. Dawes, accompanied by other members of their party, will sail from Havana today for the Canal Zone.

The Ambassador of Belgium, Baron de Cartier, is suffering from grippe and has been obliged to cancel immediate engagements.

The Ambassador of Argentina and Mme. de Pueyrredon were the ranking guests at the luncheon given yesterday by Mrs. Henry F. Dimock following the lecture by Mr. Hamlin Garland, director of the American Academy of Arts and Letters. The other guests who were also guests in her box for the lecture were Senator and Mrs. Guy Despard Goff, Mrs. J. Mayhew Walnwright, Representative B. Walton Moore and Mr. and Mrs. Hardesty Johnson.

The Ambassador of Spain and Senora de Padilla and their daughter, Senorita Rosa Padilla, who have been in New York for a few days, will return today.

The Minister from Denmark, Mr. Constantin Brun, entertained informally at luncheon yesterday at the Willard, where he had four guests.

The Minister of China, Mr. Sao-Ko Alfred Sze, who departed Tuesday for Louisville, Ky., will return tomorrow.

The Minister of Switzerland and Mme. Peter had with them in their box at the second of the Lenten lectures at the Mayflower hotel yesterday morning the Minister of Bulgaria and Mme. Radewa, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Codman, of Boston, and Miss Mary Fatten.

The Minister of Switzerland and Mme. Peter entertained at luncheon Tuesday in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Russell Codman. There were ten guests.

The Minister of Poland and Mme. Ciechanowski, who departed Tuesday for New York, where they attended the dinner last evening of the American Women's association, will return today.

Massey's Back Today.

The Minister of Canada and Mrs. Vincent Massey, who departed for New York Tuesday evening, will return today.

The Secretary of the German Embassy and Mrs. Martin Schillperger entertained at dinner Tuesday evening. There were twelve guests.

The Second Secretary of the Polish Legation and Mme. Orlovski will move April 15 from their house at 2016 O street northwest to the Congressional Country club for an indefinite stay.

Senator and Mrs. James Couzens, who departed Tuesday evening for Augusta, Ga., where they will pass three weeks, will go to their home in Detroit before returning to Washington for Easter.

Senator and Mrs. Frederic Sackett arrived last evening to be at the Hotel Mayflower today en route to New York. They will sail Saturday on the Blancman, for a two-months' stay in Europe.

Baron Lennart Rappe, of the legation of Sweden, had eight guests at dinner last evening in the presidential dining room of the Mayflower.

The Chief of Staff and Mrs. Charles F. Sumner were the guests whose honor Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Edwin St. John Greble entertained at dinner last evening. There were ten guests.

Miss Elizabeth Edwards has departed for Jersey City to join her father, Senator Edwards, and Mrs. Edwards. She will return occasionally to their apartment at the Wardman Park hotel during the spring.

Former Senator and Mrs. William Alden Smith have arrived from Grand Rapids, Mich., and are staying at the Mayflower. They are accompanied by

Mrs. Frank Jewell, also of Grand Rapids.

Ashburns Return.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Q. Ashburn, who returned Tuesday from a three weeks' trip through the South, are being congratulated on the general's promotion from brigadier.

Mr. E. J. Bliss, of Boston, and his daughter, Miss Muriel Bliss, who made her debut here in November will arrive March 26, to pass 10 days as the guests of Gen. and Mrs. Ashburn.

Lieut. and Mrs. Thomas Q. Ashburn, jr., of Fort Howard, Md., will arrive at the same time to pass a few days.

Mrs. Klees, wife of the representative from Pennsylvania, entertained at luncheon yesterday at the Willard.

Mrs. Samuel Jordan Graham will entertain at luncheon today at her home.

Mrs. Armstead Davis and her brother, Mr. Henry Armstead, have departed for Battle Creek, Mich.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Price Whitaker have taken Mrs. Whitaker to the Mayflower before her marriage was Miss Elizabeth Johnson.

Mrs. Walter Tuckerman was hostess at luncheon yesterday following the Lenten lecture at the Mayflower, when she had fourteen guests.

Mrs. M. De Clare Berry also entertained at luncheon when her guests were Mrs. Campbell Forrester, Mrs. Alford H. Gasque and Mrs. Cabot Stephens.

Mrs. William C. Penn entertained for seventeen at luncheon at the Carlton hotel yesterday. Her guests were Mrs. Frank Van Vleet, Mrs. Frank Bacon, Mrs. Howard Sutherland, Mrs. F. L. Fennell, Mrs. Deane Kaine, Mrs. James Carmalt, Mrs. Horace McFarland, Mrs. George Sanderson, Mrs. J. C. Walker, Mrs. William Wheeler, Mrs. W. K. Butler, Mrs. T. Hartley Given and Mrs. Fred McFeely.

Mrs. John Allan Dougherty is at the Hotel Lorraine, in New York, for a few days.

Somerses in City.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Somers, of Pittsburgh, are at the Willard.

At a reception given last evening by Mr. and Mrs. T. Griffiths Roberts, at the Mayflower hotel, they announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marian Shoemaker, to Donald Newcomb Carpenter. Mr. Carpenter is the son of Capt. and Mrs. Dudley N. Carpenter (M. C.) U. S. N.

Mr. and Mrs. Armstead Peter 3d entertained for a company of 30 at dinner last evening in the Chinese room of the Mayflower.

Mr. Newbold Noyes is in New York, where he is stopping at the Ambassador hotel.

Mr. William Littauer is a guest at the Manor, Asheville, N. C.

Dr. and Mrs. M. A. Mitchell have cancelled their invitations for a house party over the week-end at their home in Maryland, owing to the illness of Dr. Mitchell.

Baron H. E. von Herwarth, of Germany, who now is in Washington, is giving an exhibition of Syrian jade at the Mayflower, where he is a guest.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Millard, who arrived in New York on the Leviathan, are at the Ritz-Carlton hotel before coming to Washington. Mr. Millard is attached to the American embassy at Berlin.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Budock, of Denver, are at the Willard for a few days.

Off to New York.

Miss Betty Ridsdale has departed to New York for a two weeks' visit.

Mrs. W. H. Russell and her sister, Mrs. Robert W. Milbank, of New York, are at the Wardman Park hotel for the remainder of the week.

Dr. and Mrs. Francis Geogor, of Warrenton, Va., also are passing several days at the hotel.

Mrs. E. L. Coolidge, of Boston, is passing a few days at the Willard, where she arrived yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. George M. Lamonte, of New York, are at the Carlton hotel for several days.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin P. Cochrane, of New Haven, Conn., also are at the Carlton.

A luncheon will be given at the Women's City club tomorrow by the Voteless League of the District of Columbia Women Voters, when Senator Arthur Capper will speak on suffrage for the District. The president of the organization, Mrs. Albert H. Putney, will preside.

William C. Deming, president of the United States civil service commission, has gone to Boston to address a meeting of the public service institute.

The Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes, canon of Washington Cathedral, will introduce Miss Frances Benjamin Johnston, the art photographer, tomorrow at 11 o'clock in the ballroom of the Willard hotel, when Miss Johnston will be heard in her new illustrated talk, "Through Another Gate," the second in the series of the four-evening course of Lenten lectures arranged by the woman's auxiliary of Epiphany church.

Recent additions to the list of subscribers to the four-evening course include Mrs. Archibald Hopkins, Mrs. Leigh Robertson, Mrs. W. D. Owen, Miss Leishman, Mrs. D. S. Carril, Miss Parkins, Mrs. Fitcher, Mrs. M. A. Engle, Mrs. Eugene Boyer, Miss Adeline Ross, Mrs. Frank Hight, Miss Hight, Mrs. Buckingham and Mrs. Gracie Richards.

Many luncheon parties have been arranged to follow the lecture.

To Be Hostess.

Mrs. Charles Warren will be hostess this morning in Washington Study when Miss Nicolay, daughter of the

late Mr. John G. Nicolay, secretary to Abraham Lincoln, speaks at Rauscher's on "President Lincoln and His Cabinet."

The Kenmore association lectures are stirring the interest of the society folk of Washington. These lectures are being given as a benefit, the proceeds going toward restoration of Kenmore, the home of Betty Washington Lewis, the only sister of George Washington. This evening at 8:30 o'clock in the ballroom of the Washington club, Mr. William Lee Corbin will give a talk on "Today and Yesterday in American Letters." Mr. Corbin, formerly of the University of Boston, is connected with the Smithsonian institution. Mrs. Thomas Hardy Talifero is chairman of the District association.

Mrs. Coolidge heads the list of patronesses which includes: Mrs. Murray Addison, Mrs. Frank Conger Baldwin, Mrs. Delos A. Biddgett, Mrs. Alfred Broese van Groenou, Mrs. John W. Burke, Mrs. George Mason Chichester, Mrs. Edward Cohen, Mrs. H. Bradley Davidson, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, Mrs. Stephen B. Elkins, Mrs. Gibson Fahnestock, Mrs. Henry W. Fitch, Mrs. Henry Fitzhugh, Mrs. Cary Grayson, Mrs. Edwin H. Gheen, Mrs. Edmund Goldsborough, Miss Gliderdave, Mrs. E. A. Harman, Mrs. William Chapin Huntington, Mrs. E. S. Kennedy.

Mrs. Victor Kaufman, Mrs. Thomas Kelley, Jr., Mrs. William Mather Lewis, Mrs. Demarest Lloyd, Mrs. Thomas W. Lockwood, Jr., Mrs. Benjamin R. Legler, Mrs. George H. Myers, Mrs. Charles Graves Mathews, Mrs. William Cabell Moore, Mrs. Edward B. Meigs, Mrs. Creson Newbold, Mrs. C. L. Parsons, Mrs. King-Smith, Mrs. A. R. Shands, Mrs. W. B. Shields, Mrs. Sidney F. Talliaferro, Mrs. Horace G. Smithy, Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman, Mrs. Alfred Pembroke Thom, Mrs. James H. Turner, Mrs. Harry S. Venn, Mrs. Charles B. Wood, Mrs. Walter T. Wheeler, Mrs. John Warren, Mrs. Sophie Walker, Mrs. Asa Phillips, Mrs. Thomas W. Phillips, Jr.

The Southern Relief society phantom ball which will be held April 9, has added the following subscribers:

Mrs. Randolph Harrison McKim, Mrs. Ollie James, Dr. and Mrs. Reginald R. Walker, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Spencer, Miss Jessie J. Kibbey, Senator and Mrs. William J. Harris, Representative and Mrs. Thomas W. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Abram Lissner, Mr. Frank P. Harman, Mr. W. D. C. Ravenel, Mr. and Mrs. Peter Drury, Mrs. Van Taliaferro, Mrs. John Wilton Lambert, Mrs. Milton Johnson, Mrs. Albert Lee Rhelstrom, Mrs. Rose Mulcare, Mrs. Helen Nelson Dooley, Mrs. James W. Carmalt, Mrs. Tulley Vaughn, Mrs. Leiland Stanford Connas, Mrs. Wallace Witcover, Mrs. Frederick V. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Glover, Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Flathier, Mrs. James C. Penn, Mrs. J. S. Flannery and Mrs. Ella Herbert Micou.

Mlle. Maria Mentero, the Spanish dancer, will be the star attraction in the program being arranged for the entertainment of those attending the Spanish Fiesta at the Mayflower hotel, according to the committee. Mlle. Mentero is famous for her Spanish shawl dances and will come to Washington from New York especially for this ball as her

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 8 COLUMN 4)

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Oppenheimer's Work Shop

806 E. St. N. W.

Rare European Cheese

at

Center Market

The beauty and art of ages have been delightfully combined in the

Federal-American

Nationally Famous New Banking Home.

Co-operative Apartment Homes

1661 CRESCENT PLACE

Not Just a Beautiful Building

—A Wonderful Home

Built by

M. & R. B. Warren

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In New York

THE

SULGRAVE

Park Avenue & 67th Street

the residence of

discriminating people

Whether your stay is long or short, you will find here every comfort to make for enjoyment... close to shops and theatres, yet its location in New York's most exclusive residential section ensures absolute quiet and privacy

Reservations should be made well in advance

Supper Dances

Wardman Park Hotel

Every Week Night, 10 to 1

Presenting

Terita

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Specialty Dancer

Musical by Rostand's

Wardman Park Orchestra

Cover Charge

FIFTY CENTS

Mon. to Thurs. Inc.

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ONE DOLLAR

Apparel that's apparent
in good taste for him is
always to be had at
Goldheim's
1409 H STREET

Stoneleigh Court

Corner Connecticut Avenue and
L Street

Apartment arranged single and on suite (as large as 9 rooms and 3 baths) and rented furnished or unfurnished, with a lease, or for shorter periods.

Full hotel service if desired.
Restaurant with a la carte and table d'hôte service.

Combination breakfast, \$50 to \$1.00
Plate Lunches, 50c
Regular Lunches, 65c
Dinner, \$1.00 and \$1.50.
Also splendidly appointed rooms suitable for receptions, private luncheons, dinners, dances, teas, card parties and smokers.
For rates and further particulars inquire at Office or telephone Main 2270.

Floral Plans for Spring



—WEDDINGS are already
engaging the thoughts of
prospective Spring brides.

"We are prepared to submit
suggestions and estimates for
decorations, entirely without
obligation to you."

Blackstone
14th & H
TELEPHONE MAIN 3707

Woodward & Lothrop

10th, 11th, F and G Streets.

SPECIAL

3-Day Sale

Rose Bushes
Shrubbery
Hedge Plants
Evergreens

Each one of these specially priced plants is at least two years old, many are three, and all are healthy, hardy specimens, grown in this vicinity, consequently will not have to become acclimated.

The variety of plants offered is exceptionally wide, but bear in mind that the Sale is for three days only.

Monthly-Blooming Roses

35c each, 3 for \$1 -- \$3.75 dozen

Radiance Roses, red or pink.

Columbia Roses, pink.

Killarney Roses, white or pink.

Gruss au Teplitz Roses, red.

La France Roses, pink.

Ophelia Roses, yellow.

Los Angeles Roses, red.

Hadley Roses, pink.

Premier Roses, red.

Mme. Butterfly Roses, yellowish pink.

Climbing Roses

35c, 3 for \$1 -- \$3.75 doz.

Crimson Ramblers.

Dorothy Perkins.

Dr. Van Fleet.

Climbing American Beauty.

Pauls Scarlet Climber.

Shrubbery

35c each, 3 for \$1 -- \$3.75 dozen

Coral Berry

Snow Berry

Mock Orange

Hydrangea, A. B.

and P. G.

Weigelia

Japanese Barberry, large size.

Purple Lilac.

Deutzia.

Althea.

Bush Honeysuckle

Purple Wisteria.

Cornus.

Forsythia.

Hedge Plants, Trees and Evergreens

Mallow Marvel 35c

California Privet (25 bushes in bundle, 2 to 3 feet high) . \$1.25

Apple Trees, 4 to 6 feet high; assortment of Winesaps, Early Harvest and Black Twig, each \$1

Japanese Barberry (25 in bundle, 8 to 12 inches high) \$2.45

White Spruce Trees and Norway Spruce Trees, 12 to 15 inches high \$1.25

Arbor Vitae, 12 to 15 inches high \$1.25

Golden Dwarf Biota, 10 to 12 inches high \$1.25

Retinspora, golden and green; 12 to 15 inches high \$1.25

PLANT AND GARDEN SECTION, FIFTH FLOOR.

These Bulbs at Sale Prices

Gladiolus Bulbs

5c, 50c Dozen

A mixture suitable for cut flowers.

Dahlia Bulbs

10c, \$1 Dozen

Quite a selection of named varieties.

PLANT AND GARDEN SECTION, FIFTH FLOOR.

Peony Roots

35c, 3 for \$1

Strong divisions; choice of red, white or pink.

Iris Roots

10c each

Siberian or German varieties, various colors.

PLANT AND GARDEN SECTION, FIFTH FLOOR.

What Flowers

Will Do—

A basket or bouquet of Gude's fragrant cut flowers or a beautiful potted plant will bring more joy and happiness to the "shut-in" friend than dozens of written messages.

Flowers and floral decorations for all occasions—formal or informal.

GUDE BROS. CO.

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Members of Florists' Telegraph Delivery Association

Investment Service

AT THE
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Investigate before you invest

\$3.50 Philadelphia
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And Return

Sunday, March 20
Similar Excursion
April 3

SPECIAL TRAIN
Lv. Washington.....7:20 a. m.
Standard Time
Returning
Lv. Philadelphia.....7:20 p. m.
Lv. Chester.....7:50 p. m.
Lv. Wilmington.....8:10 p. m.
Consult Ticket Agents

Baltimore & Ohio R. R.

DR. BALLOU DENIES FIRE HAZARD PERILS ANY PUBLIC SCHOOL

Statement Follows Marshal's
Report Citing Failure to
Meet Regulations.

**SAFETY IMPROVEMENT
POSSIBLE SAYS CARUSI**

Conditions Much Better Than
at Last Inspection, Asserts
Superintendent.

Denial that public school students
are endangered by fire hazards in any
Washington schools, was made yesterday
before the board of education by

Superintendent of Schools Frank W. Ballou, at a meeting in the Franklin Administration building.

The statement followed a report by the deputy fire marshal, citing instances where construction or equipment of schools, does not conform to fire regulations.

"If we thought for one minute any school building was a fire hazard, we would not use it," Dr. Ballou said. "A meeting of the board would be called and that school closed." The superintendent said the buildings are visited each week by representatives of the fire department who have instructions to report emergency conditions.

Charles Carusi, president of the board, explained the board had asked the fire marshal's inspection with knowledge that conditions could be improved, although constituting no actual danger.

"We are not using a single building which is unsafe," he said.

Dr. Ballou quoted a portion of the report which held conditions much improved over those noted in the last inspection. Referring to the criticism of the Central High school stage, he reminded the members that funds for repairs had been appropriated.

The fire marshal's report was referred to the committee on buildings and grounds.

Seek Labor Law Opinion.
Aroused because school children less than 16 years old recently were permitted to participate in a Washington theater performance while agents of the school system were powerless to interfere, the board yesterday asked the District commissioners to call for an opinion from the corporation counsel's office concerning enforcement of the child labor law.

"We want to know whether the child labor law has become a dead letter," Mr. Carusi said, "and our agents want to know just where they stand. The law makes the violation a criminal offense or a misdemeanor, and yet our officers have no authority in the matter."

At the request of Dr. Ballou, the bureau of efficiency was asked to estimate the number of additional clerks necessary to complete unfinished statistical work in the Franklin school ofices and include such information in their report to Congress. Repeated requests for appropriations for this purpose have been denied, the superintendent said.

Action was taken setting aside the rule prohibiting solicitations of funds for any purpose in the schools, to allow children who wish to contribute to the Monticello fund for reconstruction of the Thomas Jefferson estate. Mrs. H. L. Hodgkins, who presented the motion, told members Jefferson was the first president of the board and had contributed to the first "free school" in the District.

Changes and additions to text books were approved. Dr. Ballou told the members the changes in most cases were suggested by the teachers themselves, who collaborate with committees named by the superintendent.

New Schools Named.
The board was informed that the District commissioners, acting on their recommendation, had named four new school buildings and changed the names of two.

The junior high school, which is to replace the Garnet-Patterson elementary building, is named the Garnet-Patterson Junior High school, while the new building in Brightwood is named the Edward A. Paul Junior High school, after a former principal of Central High school. The structure replacing the Brightwood school on Georgia avenue will be known as the Brightwood school, and the old Brightwood school remained the Brightwood Junior High School annex.

Other changes provide for naming the building across the street from the Cardozo, the Cardozo school, and the building in which the Randall Junior High school is located, the Randall Junior High school building. The building heretofore known as the Anthony Bowen school, is named the William Trent Rossell, after the former engineer commissioner of the District.

The annual conference of the board with representatives of citizens' associations, with reference to items asked in the 1926-1927 budget, was called for April 4 at the Franklin building. On the recommendation of Dr. Ballou, a meeting of the board was called for March 30 for consideration of the report on the normal school survey.

Reply to D. A. R. Request.
In answer to a communication from the Daughters of the American Revolution asking a display of the American flag over schools on patriotic occasions, Secretary Hine was instructed to reply that present rules provide for the display of the flag on all school days and holidays.

Following the report of the rules committee the board changed the regulation giving teachers asking reinstatement preference on the appointment list over those appointed for a probationary period.

It was announced the annual competitive drill of the Washington high school cadet corps will be held May 24 and 25 in divisions 1 to 9, and May 27, in divisions 10 to 13.

The board instructed the secretary to notify the assistant engineer commissioner that it approves the rezoning to first commercial of O street between Fourth and Fifth streets northwest. As a school warehouse is located in the block the board had been invited to attend a hearing on the change Wednesday.

Baltimore Defeated
In Recruiting for "Y"

The annual intercity membership contest between the Twelfth street branch, Young Men's Christian association, and the Druid Hill branch, of Baltimore, was won last night by the local organization. In the drive during the week of March 9-16, Baltimore obtained 221 new memberships and the Twelfth street branch 277. Special credit was given the national benefit insurance team, headed by S. W. Ruthenford, for bringing in 145 memberships. The drive will continue by both organizations for a total of 400 new memberships, without competitive features. The local team was headed by Perry W. Howard, general chairman; J. Percy Bond, Dr. Marshall H. Marshall, and Capt. Campbell C. Johnson, executive secretary.

Used cars are selling at cheaper prices today than ever before in automobile history. Select yours today from Post Classified Ads.

THE 4-M HOTELS
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ARLINGTON HOTEL
Vermont Avenue at K and 15th Streets

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THE FAIRFAX
Apartment Hotel
Massachusetts Avenue at 21st

THE MARTINETTE
Stetson Street at M

TILDEN HALL
Apartment Hotel
Constitution Avenue at Tilden

CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 7.)

contribution to the cause of the preservation of Monticello.

Other features will be presented by Miss Hawke, who is in charge of the special dances in which many of the younger set will appear. One of the numbers will be the "Jota Aragonesa," which will be danced with appropriate Spanish costumes, by a group of girls from Miss Hawke's studio.

Mrs. Rushmore Patterson, who is chairman of the young girls and young men's dancing floor committee, will present this group in a program of dance and pageantry. Among the additional box holders is Mrs. Prieto, wife of Capt. Enrique Prieto, military attaché of the Cuban embassy.

Penwomen's Talk.
A feature of the Pen Women's Coffee House talk to be given tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Carlton patio will be the showing of one reel of colored pictures of "The Japanese cherry blossoms in Potomac park, with members of the embassy staff enjoying this bit of atmosphere from their homeland."

This will be the eleventh in the series of coffee-house talks to be given this season by the District of Columbia League of American Pen Women.

The art committee of the Washington Little theater, under the chairmanship of Mrs. Turin Bradford Boone, is engaged in designing scenery, posters and costumes for the productions in April. Miss Louise Reynolds, of George Washington university, is in charge of the poster competition, in which more than 100 students will take part from the art schools. Miss Alice Edwards, of Mount Vernon seminary, director of dramatic work, will take charge of designing scenery. Miss Helgrid Orvin and Mr. J. E. Hunter are designing costumes, and aiding in this work are Miss Mary Scott Morris, of Felix Mahon school, and Miss Alice Morris, of American university. Mr. John E. Obrien, of Georgetown university, is chairman of the committee on lighting effects.

Col. J. Franklin Bell, engineer commissioner of the District, will be the guest of honor and speaker at a luncheon Saturday at 1 o'clock to be given by the parks and zoning committee of the Women's City club, of which Miss Mary E. Lazenby is chairman. "From Curb to Building Line—Improvement and Maintenance" will be the subject of the talk. Other guests will be Mrs. Gifford Pinchot and Dr. George C. Haverner, chairman of the Federation of Citizens Associations. Mrs. Clara Sears Taylor will preside.

Among those subscribing are Mrs. J. Garfield Riley, Mrs. Alve Gardner, Mrs. Frances Williams, Mrs. Edgar T. Brown, Mrs. Virgil C. Miller, Mrs. Ruth McKelway, Mrs. Rose C. Hall, Mrs. T. J. Howerton, Mrs. Kate K. Briggs, Mrs. Charles Cecil, Miss May Leavitt, Mrs. Elma R. Saul, Mrs. F. A. Rasch, Mrs. William Dwyer, Mrs. Charles Hammett, Miss Grace Rohrer, Miss Mary McKenney, Mrs. M. O. Chance, Miss Florence Chambers, Mrs. Susie Root Rhodes, Mrs. W. H. Snider, Mrs. Ella D. Lewis, Mrs. A. B. Stewart, Miss Jessie G. Lane, Mrs. Karl W. Greene, Mrs. Joseph Saunders, Judge Mary O'Toole, Miss Sue Gantt, Miss Jean Black, Mrs. Ida Whittington, Mrs. Julius Lansburgh, Mrs. Wymond Bradbury, Mrs. R. R. Bennett, Mrs. Henry W. Seymour, Mrs. Blanch Brown, Mrs. H. B. Gantt, Mrs. J. B. Mattingly and Miss Kennet Vail.

Members of Washington Alliance of Delta Delta Delta fraternity are to be



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WHY only dream about a trip abroad—England—France—Europe—when you can really go—this summer? The French Line Second Class—always a delightfully intimate circle. Pleasant cabins, many charming salons for all the varied gayeties—and the famous French \$142.50 cuisine.

6 Days to Europe

Plymouth, England, the first port of call—and a few short hours away—Le Havre de Paris...no waiting for tenders—down the gangplank—three hours—Paris.

France, April 2
Paris, April 23

The New Steamship
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SMITH'S
FIRE-PROOF
STORAGE
PRIVATE ROOM OR OPEN STORAGE

CRATE AND PACK BY EXPERTS
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PHONE NORTH 3343

entertained at tea at the clubhouse of the American Association of University Women from 4 to 5 o'clock Sunday, with Mrs. Edward H. Horton, Mrs. Edward P. Bartlett, Mrs. Howard Homer, Mrs. N. M. Lacy and Mrs. T. B. Nickson hostesses.

Catholic Daughters.
The Catholic Daughters of America, court District of Columbia, No. 212, will hold a St. Patrick's card party and dance at the Catholic Daughters community center, 601 E street northwest, this evening.

The junior section of the Chevy Chase Women's club will give a benefit card party at the home of Mrs. S. L. Tabor, Chevy Chase parkway, tomorrow evening.

The proceeds will go to the dramatic section of the Junior Women's club. This section will present a play later in the spring. The girls in the club have charge of the card party.

Members of the Rubenstein club will

be guests of the board of governors of the Congressional Country club on March 27, and a musical recital will be given in the main lounge at 5 o'clock.

New York Society.
Special to The Washington Post.

New York, March 16.—Dr. Raul Fernandez, the Chilean Ambassador to Belgium, arrived on the Aquitania and is at the Vanderbilt hotel prior to departing for Washington.

Mrs. William Donovan, who was at the Ambassador, has departed for Washington. Commodore Leonard Richards has arrived at the Waldorf from Havre de Grace, Md.

Rockville Marriage License.
A license was issued at Rockville yesterday for the marriage of Lester E. Steele, 21 years old, and Miss Margaret P. Campbell, 18 years old, both of Washington.

CONSISTENCY

"Tis good in every case, you know, to have two strings unto your bow." This excerpt, gleaned from Churchill's "Ghost," could rightly be a favored toast of all who would the public serve and would its patronage deserve. That's why as fuel merchants we feel that with all consistency we not only coal should sell, but deal in fuel oil as well. Hence, we're prepared to serve them all, whatever be their wish or call. If you're not on our patrons' list right now's the time you should insist that we your fuel merchants be, for we'll serve you so perfectly that you, like all the others do, will proudly pull for Griffith, too.

MORAL: Try Griffith's

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COAL FUEL OIL BUILDING MATERIAL

TODAY AT KANN'S



**Just
Ready!**

**Two New "Maxfield
Parrish" Pictures**
"Stars" and "Hill Top"

—Beautifully framed in various mouldings—in three sizes (outside measurements). "Daybreak," his greatest success, also in the following sizes:

Size 20 1/2 x 32 1/2	Size 13 1/2 x 21 1/2	Size 7 x 11
\$15.95	\$7.95	\$1.75

—Street Floor.

"The Busy Corner" **Kann's** Penn. Ave.
8th & D Sts.

TODAY AT KANN'S



Bright, Pretty, New

Flowers

Of All Kinds—At All Prices.

—Your suit, your coat, your evening gown—each must have its own lovely flower to give it the final touch of fashionableness—and here are the kinds to wear:

—Old-fashioned Field or Garden flower boutonnieres at .50c to \$1.00

—Velvet Violets in combinations of orchid shades—also plain colors. \$1.00 to \$1.95

—Giant Violets in Purple and White.....\$2.25

—The New Weeping Willow Chrysanthemums at.....\$2.50

—Large Silk Chrysanthemums, in white and colors.....\$2.50 and \$3.50

—Ragged Robins, in purple, blue and combinations at.....\$1.00

—Sweet Peas combined with Asparagus Fern.....\$1.00

—Kid Chrysanthemums and Pond Lilies, also Gardenias.....79c to \$1.95

—Gardenias.....29c, 59c to \$1.50

—Geraniums.....59c to \$1.00

—White Violets.....59c, \$1 and \$1.50

—Purple Violets.....75c to \$1.75

—Special table of cluster and single flowers. Choice at.....39c to 59c

—Street Floor.

"The Busy Corner" **Kann's** Penn. Ave.
8th & D Sts.

COMING THEATRICAL ATTRACTIONS

NATIONAL.
Brazilian music by natives singing their own songs and playing their own instruments will furnish the background for "Lost," the play which comes to the National theatre for a week beginning on Monday night.
"Lost" is a dramatization of the novel "Zona," by George Agnew Chamberlain, whose popular story "The Silver Cord" recently ran as a serial in the Saturday Evening Post. Chamberlain and A. E. Thomas built the play, "Lost," from the former's intimate knowledge of South American life gleaned during several years of service in the American consular service. The drama, however, is not political, but an intensely emotional love story.
The play is produced by Ramsey Wallace, who also plays the leading role of Lansing, the exile. He is supported by a cast including James Crane, Mona Kingsley, Zita Johnson, Harold Hartell, and George Henry Trinder.

COLUMBIA.
Announcement is made by the management of Loew's Columbia that Gloria Swanson's new "Independent" production, "The Loves of Mary," first production for United Artists release and the picture which marks her return to the screen as a star, will be given its first presentation in Washington at Loew's Columbia theatre, following the engagement at that theatre of Harold Lloyd in "The Kid Brother." Since the appearance of "For Heaven's Sake," is proving a comedy hit with Loew's Columbia, the picture, which shows a young girl, a blackboard yodel who suddenly steps out, under the spell of a pretty girl, who achieves feats of daring and romance that amaze and startle his family and friends. Like all Lloyd laugh-out-louders, "The Loves of Mary" brings thrills and love interest with its comedy, while Johnny Ralston and a cast offer Harold support in the picture.

An "Our Gang" comedy, "Telling Whoppers," is an added attraction to the Columbia bill this week, as are the new real pictures, Columbia Magazine and the Columbia Symphony orchestra.

POLLY.
Not in the history of musical comedy has there been such highly enthusiastic achievement for a daring and ideal that they mark a high-water line in the field of endeavor and set a standard that has never before been equaled and probably will not be soon.

For those who like good musical accompaniment to their entertainment there is a rich and varied program. In the "Our Gang" comedy, "Telling Whoppers," is an added attraction to the Columbia bill this week, as are the new real pictures, Columbia Magazine and the Columbia Symphony orchestra.

GAVETY.
The Gavety theatre, starting Sunday matinee, will present a double show in Ed E. Daly's white and colored musical revue, "Rarin' to Go." This organization has been augmented in personnel and enhanced from a production viewpoint. Thirty-seven white and 38 colored performers will be seen in the individual section and the 26 scenery reeled off in breath-taking swiftness. Joe Jordan and his ten sharpshooters perform on the stage and in the orchestra trench. Frank Harcourt and Sammy Wright head the fun contingent among the white players. Walter La Motte announces a midnight show Friday, March 25.

OUR BUSINESS IS INSURANCE SERVICE

Our business is not a matter merely of delivering insurance policies to order. We are organized to render a complete insurance service. That includes property inspection, advice on the control of loss hazards, and information regarding the best forms of coverage available for every risk.

We do not charge for our advice and assistance. If you have an insurance problem, let us help you solve it.

W. H. WEST COMPANY

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in office.....	\$3,968.67
Cash in bank.....	1,236,618.55
Real estate.....	1,457,674.00
Real estate mortgages.....	1,078,000.00
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	1,006,007.44
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	12,688,692.50
Receivables.....	46,742.32
Unpaid claims.....	1,734,907.07
Interest due and accrued.....	17,929.07
All other assets.....	508,196.87
Receiv. on P. L. losses.....	508,196.87
Total assets.....	\$10,295,714.79

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$1,707,093.72
Reserve as required by law.....	12,416,722.94
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	405,164.95
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	34,420.00
All other liabilities.....	4,642,311.18
Total liabilities.....	\$10,295,714.79

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$3,849,007,544.00

Losses sustained during the year 1926: 6,899,178.34

Money received during the year 1926: 13,065,810.21

Expended during the year 1926: 13,794,992.82

M. R. REEVES, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PHOENIX ASSURANCE CO., LTD., OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in office.....	\$500.00
Cash in bank.....	600,940.29
Real estate.....	309,000.00
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	5,705,500.00
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	1,324,788.51
Receivables.....	90,504.73
Unpaid claims.....	300.00
Interest due and accrued.....	21,980.50
All other assets.....	\$8,061,754.00
Total assets.....	\$8,061,754.00

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$494,694.00
Reserve as required by law.....	4,289,545.07
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	145,000.00
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	12,000.00
Capital stock.....	400,000.00
All other liabilities.....	2,707,545.02
Total liabilities.....	\$8,061,754.00

Character of business transacted during the year 1926: Fire, Marine, Tornado, Automobile, Sprinkler Leakage, Riot, Civil Commotion and Explosion and Earthquake.

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$1,025,614,294.00

Losses sustained during the year 1926: \$2,416,576.81

Money received during the year 1926: \$13,065,810.21

Expended during the year 1926: \$13,794,992.82

P. BERNEPOND, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in office.....	\$4,482.12
Cash in bank.....	665,682.83
Real estate.....	100,000.00
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	13,386,338.00
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	23,678.94
Receivables.....	1,234,474.72
Unpaid claims.....	245,440.29
Interest due and accrued.....	236,583.72
All other assets.....	\$15,471,853.18
Total assets.....	\$15,471,853.18

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$1,190,938.83
Reserve as required by law.....	5,267,148.15
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	20,674.14
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	13,288.28
Capital stock.....	3,000,000.00
All other liabilities.....	5,982,788.86
Total liabilities.....	\$15,471,853.18

Character of business transacted during the year 1926: Fire, Marine, Tornado, Automobile, Sprinkler Leakage, Riot, Civil Commotion and Explosion and Earthquake.

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$2,128,000,000.00

Losses sustained during the year 1926: 4,038,909.00

Money received during the year 1926: 13,718,017.14

Expended during the year 1926: 14,693,430.43

C. D. DONOVAN, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of February, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE CO., OF HARTFORD, CONN.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in office.....	\$222.24
Cash in bank.....	4,046,738.96
Real estate.....	3,947,985.00
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	1,688,450.00
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	65,493,789.87
Receivables.....	92,506.50
Unpaid claims.....	7,408,771.82
Interest due and accrued.....	245,440.29
All other assets.....	236,583.72
Total assets.....	\$83,128,147.61

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$7,084,894.82
Reserve as required by law.....	45,970,519.37
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	20,674.14
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	13,288.28
Capital stock.....	3,000,000.00
All other liabilities.....	1,000,000.00
Total liabilities.....	\$65,814,737.50

Character of business transacted during the year 1926: Fire and marine.

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$14,694,746,896.00

Losses sustained during the year 1926: 32,788,218.95

Money received during the year 1926: 55,980,000.00

Expended during the year 1926: 60,295,897.15

T. H. B. BOUTLAND, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19th day of February, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE UNITED STATES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in office.....	\$1,033.60
Cash in bank.....	1,720,162.99
Real estate.....	1,584,475.00
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	21,499,355.00
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	187,401.43
Receivables.....	2,322,379.62
Unpaid claims.....	100,787.00
Interest due and accrued.....	27,493.50
All other assets.....	\$27,493,307.36
Total assets.....	\$27,493,307.36

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$2,803,337.00
Reserve as required by law.....	14,058,510.02
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	20,768.45
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	355,000.00
Capital stock.....	1,000,000.00
All other liabilities.....	8,140,684.41
Total liabilities.....	\$27,493,307.36

Character of business transacted during the year 1926: Fire, Marine, Tornado, Automobile, Sprinkler Leakage, Riot, Civil Commotion and Explosion and Earthquake.

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$10,670,696.72

Losses sustained during the year 1926: 22,854,761.10

Money received during the year 1926: 17,807,174.91

Expended during the year 1926: 18,700,840.41

E. F. DRIGGS, Jr., Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of January, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE GLOBE INDEMNITY COMPANY, OF NEW YORK.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in office.....	\$1,033.60
Cash in bank.....	1,720,162.99
Real estate.....	1,584,475.00
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	21,499,355.00
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	187,401.43
Receivables.....	2,322,379.62
Unpaid claims.....	100,787.00
Interest due and accrued.....	27,493.50
All other assets.....	\$27,493,307.36
Total assets.....	\$27,493,307.36

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$2,803,337.00
Reserve as required by law.....	14,058,510.02
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	20,768.45
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	355,000.00
Capital stock.....	1,000,000.00
All other liabilities.....	8,140,684.41
Total liabilities.....	\$27,493,307.36

Character of business transacted during the year 1926: Fire, Marine, Tornado, Automobile, Sprinkler Leakage, Riot, Civil Commotion and Explosion and Earthquake.

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$10,670,696.72

Losses sustained during the year 1926: 22,854,761.10

Money received during the year 1926: 17,807,174.91

Expended during the year 1926: 18,700,840.41

Oscar C. Kunze, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of January, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

STATEMENT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PHILADELPHIA FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.

On the 31st day of December, 1926, as required under the District of Columbia code, amended June 30, 1902, and August 18, 1911.

ASSETS.

Cash in bank.....	\$630,610.82
Stocks and bonds (market value).....	3,086,890.00
Stocks and bonds (book value).....	644,554.40
Receivables.....	41,292.72
Unpaid claims.....	7,543.63
All other assets.....	\$1,365,312.85
Total assets.....	\$4,369,883.69

LIABILITIES.

Net unpaid claims.....	\$347,300.00
Reserve as required by law.....	1,543,228.71
Salaries, rents, expenses.....	54,066.20
Commissions, brokerage, etc.....	1,000,000.00
Capital stock.....	2,000,000.00
All other liabilities.....	20,000.00
Total liabilities.....	\$4,369,883.69

Character of business transacted during the year 1926: Fire, Marine, Tornado, Automobile, Sprinkler Leakage, Riot, Civil Commotion and Explosion and Earthquake.

Amount of risk assumed during the year 1926: \$1,025,614,294.00

Losses sustained during the year 1926: 981,700.67

Money received during the year 1926: 2,045,635.61

Expended during the year 1926: 1,701,228.97

J. J. CONNOR, Assistant Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of February, 1927.

W. H. WEST COMPANY, Notary Public, State of New York, No. 10599.

An Automobile Owner Faces Many Risks—

the risks of loss by fire or theft, or as the result of a collision; the risks of even greater loss, growing out of injuries inflicted upon the persons or property of others.

Every car owner faces many risks—but every car owner can readily obtain the necessary insurance for complete and economical protection. We can obtain it for you.

W. H. WEST COMPANY.

W. H. WEST COMPANY

WILLIAM L. F. KING, President
EDWARD G. PERRY, Vice President

West Building, 96 15th Street N. W.

= FIRE = LIABILITY = AUTOMOBILE = SURETY BONDS =

MEMBERS: Insurance Club of Washington
Washington Real Estate Board

VETERANS: RE-INSTATE AND CONVERT YOUR GOVERNMENT INSURANCE—JULY SECOND IS THE LAST DAY.

Dependable Fire Insurance

Does your fire insurance represent adequate coverage according to present-day property values?

Does it assure you of prompt and fair adjustment if a fire should occur?

We will inspect your property and estimate the amount of insurance you should carry for complete protection. We can secure for you the policies of a company whose entire record is one of prompt and efficient action on every claim.

W. H. WEST COMPANY.

W. & J. SLOANE

709-711-713 TWELFTH STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON, D. C.

"The House With the Green Shutters"

A Lamp, A Mirror or a Chair

THE time-to-time addition of single pieces brings about a gradual change in the home—a change which begins to be felt immediately the first new lamp, or mirror, or chair, or what-not, is acquired.

Here there are so many things to select from, and so many decorative ideas suggested by the furnishings themselves, that it is indeed pleasant to make your choice at the store of W. & J. Sloane. And inexpensive!

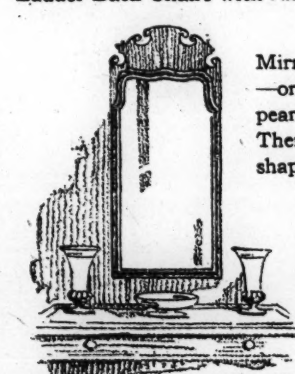


THE WENTWORTH

A decorative occasional chair contrasts effectively with your upholstered furniture and helps to give a feeling of completeness to the room. When the chair is as graceful in line as the Wentworth—and as comfortable—then that is the chair to think about purchasing. Particularly when the price is, as the Wentworth is, covered in \$42.00 tapestry.

Miscellaneous Pieces

Table Nests in lacquer and wood finishes..... from 22.00
Magazine Racks in decorated Maple or Walnut..... " 22.00
Book Ends..... " 7.50
Cherry and Maple, Mahogany and Maple Footstools..... " 4.00
Benches..... " 30.00
Ladder Back Chairs with rush seats..... " 20.00



Mirrors can give the foyer, the living room corner—or any spot where they may be used—the appearance of depth and the feeling of friendliness. There are many styles and sizes and \$8.00 shapes here, and the prices start at.....

Lamps will always carry their own share of the task of making the home homelike. Here are table lamps, complete with the shade, for as little as fifteen dollars; and floor lamps, complete, start..... \$15.00

CHARGE ACCOUNTS CONVENIENTLY ARRANGED

STORE OPEN FROM 9:30 A. M. TO 5:30 P. M. DAILY INCLUDING SATURDAY

FREIGHT PAID TO ALL SHIPPING POINTS IN THE UNITED STATES

Sloane Endorsed Merchandise Carries An Assurance of Satisfaction



"No Comparison!"

"There's simply no comparison in my appearance when I use just any face powder and when I use the delightful Black and White Face Powder," says attractive Miss Ann Horan, 624 88th St., Brooklyn, N. Y. "So after this I'm never going to use any other! This exquisitely textured powder is as fine as silk and keeps my complexion in splendid condition, besides giving it the clear, youthful smoothness every girl loves. I'm delighted, too, with its distinctive fragrance, and with the way it clings so softly for hours without renewing."

There's quality and wonderful value beneath the lid of each dainty 25c box of Black and White Face Powder, and you'll be as quick to recognize this as are the thousands of other discriminating women all over America with whom this lovely powder is first choice always. They use more than 15 million packages a year of this and the other Black and White Beauty Creations.

If your dealer doesn't have the Black and White Beauty Creations you want, send his name to Plough, Dept. 62, Memphis, Tenn., and you will receive FIVE a copy of the Birthday and Dream Book, containing many interesting facts on beauty, dreams and fortune telling.



WE INSURE
EVERYTHING INSURABLE

suppose it
were yours

Almost every day you read of an unexpected fire in some one's home. None of us know when our turn may come—all we can do is to be prepared. Reliable insurance protection costs so little—and may mean so much.

Pick up your phone and call "Main 9000."
BOSS AND PHELPS
Founded 1907.
1417 K Street

The Housekeeper



We are, in the very near future, to have another contest, and this time it is to be a contest of fish dishes, in which we have not as yet specialized. Contests have heretofore created great interest among readers, and certainly they are a help to us all with the many delicious recipes that I am, at the conclusion of the contest, able to pass on to our friends.

Today is Thursday, and how the weeks spin along. Already the little yellow blooms that mean spring are covering their bushes in a glorious profusion, and robins are very nearly a common sight. We may feel that we have been slighted in our share of winter—those of us who enjoy its stimulating cold and clear, frosty days; but what is to be nice in one's house than a table bearing a great bowl of spring blooms, whether they come from one's own garden or from the flower stall in the market place. Spring is spring—it makes one feel that spring clothing is not only delightful to have, but an eminent necessity, and that long walks in the country must be taken. And spring makes me feel, too, that my bit of a garden is impatiently waiting to be put to bed; in that the hollyhocks are peeping through and need loosening about their roots, and that soon, very soon, I may plant my sweet peas in their six inches of soil and later in the year reap the harvest of their glory.

But in the meantime—Lent draws along with its numerous fast days for many of our readers. And for the menu today I have a dish that is new, at least, to this column—haddock in casserole, with a highly seasoned, delicious sauce. Numbers of things may be served with this dish, but for a change I have selected potato rissoles, and creamed carrots with a salad that is a standby.

MENU.
Clear Soup
Toasted Crackers
Celery Hearts
Haddock in Casserole
Potato Rissoles
Creamed Carrots
Cabbage and Apple Salad
Fresh Rhubarb Pie
American Cheese
Coffee.

Remove the skin from a slice of haddock and fry it brown on both sides. For the usual family of four persons it will require about a three-pound piece of haddock. Fry the fish in three tablespoons of salad oil and when it has browned remove it to a casserole dish. Peel and slice three or four large onions and mash to a pulp a clove of garlic. Place these in the skillet and cook until the onion begins to discolor. Heat two cups of canned tomatoes that have been strained, using only the juice, and turn the tomato into the onion and garlic mixture. In a separate dish heat a fourth cup of oil and add to it five tablespoons of flour, stir-

ring together until a smooth paste is formed. Add two cups of water or, preferably, chicken stock, and combine these mixtures. If it is necessary beat with an egg beater until smooth. Add salt and pepper to taste and a little sugar, pour the sauce over the browned fish in the casserole and cover closely. Bake at least an hour, or until the fish is thoroughly done. Serve in the baking dish. This dish is delicious a second day when the flavor of the sauce has had an opportunity to permeate the texture of the fish. Make enough for a second day, or prepare to day for tomorrow.

Potato Rissoles.
Pare six medium size potatoes and let them remain in cold water at least half an hour, then place them in boiling salted water. As soon as they are cooked through drain off the remaining water and set back on the range to permit the steam to escape. Mash them fine and mix with them a tablespoon of butter, a teaspoon of salt, a sprinkling of pepper and two raw eggs that have been beaten. Form them into cakes by pressing small quantities into a tablespoon and lay them upon a buttered pan the same as for potato cakes. Brush them over with the yolk of an egg into which has been stirred a tablespoon of water. Set them into the oven to brown, which will require five or six minutes. Serve immediately.

Our carrots need not be creamed unless we wish especially to have them prepared in that way for this dinner. They begin to come to the stalls very young and tender now, and cooked with our process of waterless cookery are a delicious vegetable sans any garnishing. When scraping the carrots be careful not to go too deeply into the pulp, as much that is of value is thus removed, and it is of great benefit to us to have all of the mineral matter that each fresh vegetable has to offer. But, whether or not the carrots are to be creamed, let us prepare them with no water, just by cooking them over a very slow fire with a generous lump of butter in the sauce pan, and seasoning of salt and pepper. When they are tender, remove from fire and add a cream sauce already prepared, or sprinkle a small amount of flour over the carrots and very gradually add heated milk until a sufficient quantity is added to make a sauce and until the flour has thickened the whole.

Fresh Rhubarb Pie.
Skin and cut the root end of the stalks from sufficient fresh rhubarb to make a cup and a half of material when cut in small pieces. Mix a scant cup of sugar with a beaten egg and add to it two tablespoons of flour. Add this mixture to the rhubarb and blend the two thoroughly. Bake between crusts that have been rolled to extreme thin-

ness, for this pie, of all pies, requires a delicate case to hold its deliciousness.

For once we have finished the menu in time to add a few of the waiting requested recipes. And may I add right here and now, as I finish this at the end of the day, that I had not known that there were so many interested friends of this department and Housekeeper in the countryside. Letters have poured in and they have been delightful letters, filled with the splendid spirit that has marked our work together since its early beginning, and I do want to thank these friends—although it would be impossible to answer each and every one of these letters personally—for their expressions that are at once stimulating and heart warming—and to say that I feel that I must indeed require much of myself to live up to the nice things that have been written and said to me.

REQUEST RECIPES.

Old-Fashioned Stewed Cabbage.

(G. R. L.)
Shred two small cabbages a bit coarser than for cole slaw and parboil with a small piece of dried red pepper for a very few moments. Pour off the water and add three tablespoons of vinegar, a small piece of butter and a large measure (2 cups) of chicken stock. Cover closely and let cabbage simmer gently for a half hour. Season with salt and red pepper when done, if it is necessary.

Cornmeal Cakes.

One pint of sour milk, two eggs, a teaspoon of salt, one of soda, and the enough meal to make a batter. Beat the yolks of the eggs and add the milk and then the salt and the meal. Dissolve the soda in a little warm milk and add to the mixture, and, lastly, add the beaten whites of the eggs. Bake.

Lily Expert to Lecture.

W. E. Marshall, lily expert, will give an illustrated lecture at the meeting tonight at 8 o'clock of the Takoma Horticultural club. It will be held in Takoma library, Takoma Park, D. C.

You can certainly get the most automobile for the least money when you read and heed the used car ads every morning in The Post.



Center to Give First Jewish Music Night

The first Jewish music festival to be given in Washington will be held Sunday night as the final feature of the Jewish Community Center's winter concert program. Leading artists of Washington and synagogue choirs are co-operating.

Songs will be given by Cantor Abraham Kalmus, of the Ohev Shalom synagogue, and Albert Shefferman, and the George Washington university string quartet will play. The Eighth Street temple choir also will participate. A feature will be a piano octette led by Benjamin Ratner, scholarship pupil of the Damrosch School of Music. Others who will compose the octette are Dora Minovich, Theodore Rosenfeld, Mrs. Maurice Blagyer, Elizabeth Harrow, Dr. William Fernau, Haskell Milstone and Sarah Cooper.

SYKES, FEARING RADIO, REHEARSES ADDRESS

Goes to See Microphone on Learning of Big Hook-Up for Speech.

Having heard what happened to other speakers and not desiring to take chances, it is understood, Judge Eugene O. Sykes, of Mississippi, vice chairman and lawyer member of the Federal radio commission, on learning that his speech tonight probably would be carried by a hook-up second largest only to that recently of President Coolidge, had a dress rehearsal all his own yesterday at WRC, from where he will speak.

President Coolidge's speech was carried by 42 stations, believed to be a world's record, and, according to radio authorities, the next highest was 24 stations, which tied in on Gen. Pershing's national defense day test several years ago. All have not yet been heard from for tonight, but it is expected that upward of 30 stations will carry Commissioner Sykes' speech, with the chain extending to the Pacific coast.

Notwithstanding the fact Judge Sykes now finds himself one of the country's leading figures in the control of radio, the thought of addressing hundreds of thousands of unseen listeners evidently was enough to cause him to make a hurried trip to WRC to see if a microphone appeared to be as disconcerting as it has been described.

CLAM BROTH
will be more appetizing
seasoned with
LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE



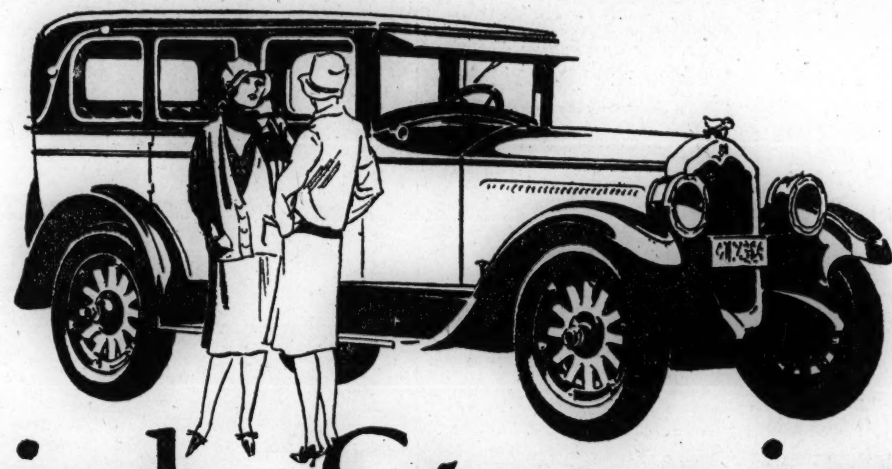
Girls! Tell this to your skinny friend

Tell him that the quick easy way to put pounds of solid flesh on his bones is to take McCoy's Cod Liver Oil Compound Tablets.

Tell him it's the modern way to take nasty tasting, stomach upsetting cod liver oil—that these tablets are rich in health building vitamins and besides helping him to fill out his flat chest and sunken cheeks and neck that the vitalizing vitamins in McCoy's will make him strong and vigorous and give him more energy and ambition.

Tell him that he can get 60 tablets for 60 cents at Peoples Drug Stores or any druggist anywhere and that if he isn't delighted after a 30-day test he can have his money back.

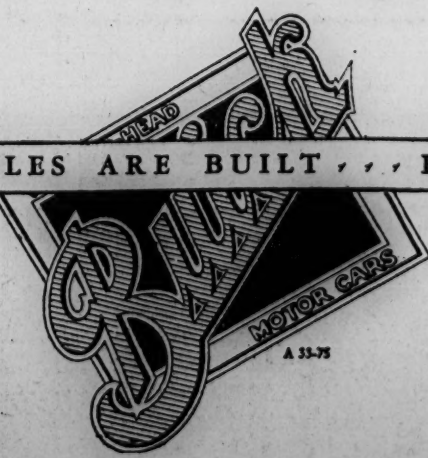
Demand McCoy's—the original—the genuine—the guaranteed. The dealer who offers you a substitute is not worthy of your confidence.



Buick Stays in Style

Motor car types come and go, just as motor cars do. But the grace and distinction which characterize Buick always stay in style. They never become commonplace. The reason is, that Buick style is sincere, and expressive of the quality that is in the car. Buick owners never are asked to buy a car of exaggerated design, with lines which might become distasteful to the eye. Buy a Buick! And you will always be proud of your car.

WHEN BETTER AUTOMOBILES ARE BUILT, BUICK WILL BUILD THEM



Stanley H. Horner
1015-1017 14th St.

Fletcher Motor Co., Alexandria, Va.
Bury Motor Co., Anacostia, D. C.

Buick Motor Company
(Division of General Motors Corporation)
Fourteenth at L

Dick Murphy, Inc.
1835 14th St.

Emerson & Orme
1620 M St. 1016 Conn. Ave.

Fred N. Windridge, Rosslyn, Va.
Rushe Motor Co., Hyattsville, Md.

COOKING SCHOOL ECHOES

Grandmother's Old Stone Cookie Jar

ONE of the things you love to remember is your childhood visits to Grandmother's old stone cookie jar.

I don't believe you ever were disappointed, for although Grandmother had to stand and roll and cut cookies she always found time to do it.

Today we have an easier, quicker way to make cookies than Grandmother had. The cookies for which recipes are printed below call for no rolling and cutting. I am sure they will gladden the heart of any child.

I make these cookies with Crisco and not a single person who has tasted them can tell them from cookies made with expensive butter. And as Crisco itself stays sweet and fresh so long it keeps these cookies fresh a long time, too.

Nut Wafer Cookies

Sliced instead of rolled and cut. Use Crisco and see how easy it is to cream with sugar. Crisco keeps so long you can double this recipe and keep the rolls in the ice box a long time, slicing and baking as you need them. Grease your pans with Crisco and you won't need to wash them between bakings.

1 cup brown sugar 3 eggs, well beaten
1 cup white sugar 2 teaspoons soda
1½ cups melted Crisco 1 teaspoon cinnamon
1 teaspoon salt or other spices
5 cups pastry flour, 1 cup chopped nuts
sifted twice (blanched almonds are best)

Cream Crisco with sugar. Add eggs slowly, mixing thoroughly. Add nuts. Then dry ingredients sifted together twice. Shape into roll about 2½ to 3 inches in diameter. Put in Criscoed pan in ice box overnight. When ready to bake, slice and bake in hot oven (425° F.). Makes about 75 cookies.

(All measurements level)

Grandmother's Old Fashioned Ginger Cookies

Made the new easy way—no tiresome rolling or cutting. Crisco is always ready for instant use and is easy to cream with the brown sugar. Grease your pans with Crisco and drop the cookies far enough apart to keep them round. Crisco saves washing the pans between bakings, so you won't mind using a lot of them.

1 cup brown sugar 1 teaspoon ginger
1 cup molasses 1 teaspoon salt
½ cup Crisco 1 teaspoon soda
1 egg, beaten 1 cup sour milk
4½ cups pastry flour

Cream Crisco, sugar and salt together. Add molasses and ginger, then egg. Dissolve soda in sour milk. Add, mix thoroughly. Last add flour. Drop teaspoonfuls of the batter on a Criscoed baking pan and bake in a medium oven (375° F.). Makes about 50 cookies.

CRISCO For Frying—For Shortening—For Cake Making



To test your cooking fat—taste it.
Crisco's sweet flavor will astonish you.

CITIZENS THREATEN INJUNCTION ACTION OVER WATER TOWER

Residents of Lyonhurst Pro-
test Against Plans in
Arlington County.

ONLY SITE AVAILABLE,
ENGINEER DECLARES

Sheriff Kills Rabid Dog Near
Cherrydale After Chase
of Mile.

ARLINGTON COUNTY.
BUREAU OF THE POST.
Tel. Cl. 506. Clarendon, Va.
Aroused over the proposed erection
of a tower, store room and a reservoir
near Lyonhurst, citizens appeared at a
special meeting of the board of super-
visors last night, and according to
Dr. R. N. Sutton, injunction proceed-
ings will be instituted unless the propo-
sal is withdrawn.

Speaking for the delegation, Dr. Sut-
ton said "that the board has acted
most unwisely in proposing to con-
struct such a plant in one of the finest
residential sections of Arlington county
with no consideration for the residents.
We want water, but I want to ask the
engineer, Mr. Phillips, this, 'had I
built a house on the site which I
understand has been purchased what
would he do in face of the statement
that this is the only available site?'"

Dr. Sutton further said: "Mr. Phil-
lips, while he assures us now that there
will be nothing unsightly, he may not
always have charge of the water sys-
tem, and with this plant there it will
surely develop into a business section
and ruin our property."

A. B. Cammerer suggested that the
board purchase a site not far from the
proposed location, and one "that is in
the rear of our property and not front-
ing it as does this one."

Mr. Phillips said consideration to the
level of the reservoir on the other side
of the river had to be considered and
that has been done in this case. He
said work on the water system was pro-
gressing rapidly and there should be
no further delay.

E. C. Turnbuck, chairman of the
board, stated any further investigation
by the board would be useless, as the
engineer had said no other sight was
available.

William H. Duncan, clerk of the
board, said the deeds to the property
were handed to him by Mr. Phillips,
and unless instructed otherwise he
would record them today. On motion
of William J. Ingram, the deeds will be
held until Friday, when the citizens
will meet the engineer and make an
effort to relocate the project.

The Arlington County Republican
club last night held the first of a series
of monthly meetings and entertainments
in the Clarendon Community hall, with
more than 150 persons present. The
program opened with an address of
welcome by the president, Carl Mar-
shall.

Mrs. May D. Lightfoot, of Washing-
ton, member of the executive commit-
tee of the District of Columbia League
of Republican Women, the principal
speaker, said she was surprised to learn
that in Arlington county there was not
a women's Republican organization.

She said a school of political instruc-
tion will be opened in Washington
Tuesday and urged all women in Ar-
lington county to attend.

Louis McMahon, chairman of the
publicity committee, said plans for an
educational campaign running up to
the November election now are under
way.

Citizens in the vicinity of Lee high-
way and Glebe road were alarmed yes-
terday when a mad dog was discovered
racing along the road. Sheriff Howard
B. Fields chased the dog a mile and
killed it near Cherrydale.

The board of supervisors last night
awarded the contract for the furnishing

of 150 8-inch gate valves and 75 12-
inch gate valves to the Rensselaer Valve
Co. of New York. The bid was \$10,062.

Plans for the calling for bids for the
laying of water mains are being com-
pleted, Engineer Phillips said.

The State corporation commission
has granted a charter to the Clarendon
Real Estate & Finance Corporation with
principal offices in Clarendon. The
corporation, according to the charter,
is capitalized at \$100,000. The officers
are Archie E. Durham, president;
George R. Lee Cole, vice president, and
Robert A. Ryland, secretary and treas-
urer.

A suit for a divorce has been filed
by Thelma B. Faunce against George
F. Faunce.

Marriage licenses were issued yes-
terday by the clerk of the court to Frank
C. Perry and Florence M. Smith, both
of Washington; Richard Hill and Mabel
Brown, both of South Washington, and
to Forest E. Maiken and Elsie Hager,
both of Jacksonville, Fla.

The board of directors of the Ar-
lington County Chamber of Commerce last
night voted to become affiliated with
the United States Chamber of Com-
merce.

Scholl appeared at St. Peter's church
here yesterday afternoon, Father Bede,
a priest, told police today, and told the
priest he had murdered his children.
He had tried to take his own life three
times, he said, but on each occasion
had lost his nerve.

The priest said Scholl admitted tell-
ing the children that he was going to
kill them and himself. He said the
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to die, but that Vivien, the daughter,
declared she was willing to die with her
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Scholl said that he saturated towels
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around his children's heads and went
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they were still alive, and he then tight-
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Scholl gave as his reason that he did
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Her Inheritance Was
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So when she went to
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By Caroline Beecher

Starting
Sunday, March 20

in
The Washington Post

Distributors RCA Tubes
Doubleday-Hill
Electric Co.
715 12th St. N.W.
Main 4680

RADIO PROGRAMS

LOCAL STATIONS.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
NAA—Arlington (435)
10:05 a. m. 3:45 and 10:05 p. m.—
Weather reports.
WBHF—Radio Hospital Fund (256)
11 to 12 noon—Program and police
reports.

WMAL—Leese Radio Co. (294)
7 p. m.—"Science News of the Week."
The Archaeological Background of St.
Patrick's Day.

7:15 p. m.—Musical program by the
"Dough Boys."
7:45 p. m.—Norman E. Daly, pianist.
8 p. m.—Direct from the Washington
auditorium—Board of Trade night of
the Chamber of Commerce Industrial
exposition, presenting Neil Paxton in
an organ recital, and other attractions.

9 p. m.—Scenes from "The Colleen
Bawn" by Dion Boucicault, a special
St. Patrick's day feature by Ada Louise
Townsend, dramatic reader.

9:30 p. m.—Program by students of
the Marjorie Webster school, presenting
vocal solos, readings and musical se-
lections by the Marjorie Webster Glee
club, directed by Miss Betty Wirt.
10 p. m.—St. Patrick's day dance,
from the City club.

WRC—Radio Corp. of America (469)
6:45 to 7:45 a. m.—Tower health ex-
ercises broadcast jointly with WEAF.
11:30 a. m.—Lenten Bible study hour
from the Mayflower hotel.

12:30 p. m.—Lenten services from
Keith's theater.
1 p. m.—"Horticulture Flashes," pre-
sented by the Department of Agricul-
ture.

1:15 p. m.—George F. Ross, pianist.
1:30 p. m.—New York Merchants as-
sociation luncheon broadcast from the
Hotel Astor, New York city.

6:30 p. m.—Lenten hour of music, with
Daniel Breakin, violinist; Viola T.
Harpliss, and Neil Paxton, pipe
organist.

7:15 p. m.—Raleigh Hotel orchestra.
7:45 p. m.—The Radio Hour of Agri-
cultural, Commissioner Eugene O. Sykes,
acting chairman Federal radio com-
mission.

8 p. m.—Emerson hour of music.
9 p. m.—Eskimos from New York.
10 p. m.—Le Paradis band.

DISTANT STATIONS.
CKCL—Toronto (435)
12 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Dance music.

CZCZ—Mexico City (350)
10:30 p. m.—Lecture: music.
CYJ—Mexico City (410)
10 p. m.—Talks: music.

KDKA—Pittsburgh (308)
12 m.—Weather.
8 to 10 p. m.—Concert.

8 to 10 p. m.—Same as WJZ.
KFI—Los Angeles (467)
10 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Continuous.

KGQ—Oakland (361)
12 p. m. to 3 a. m.—Dance orchestra.
KPO—San Francisco (428)
9 p. m. to 2 a. m.—Program.

KSD—St. Louis (545)
8:30 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
KIW—Chicago (335)
7:30 p. m.—Dinner concert.

8 to 10 p. m.—Same as WJZ.
10:30 to 1 a. m.—Program.

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Real Estate Loans
For the INVESTOR
and the BORROWER
The Federal-American Company
1352 G Street

no more
BLUR

RCA
Radiotron
UX-171

If the music blurs as soon as
you turn it up to room volume,
one change will probably fix it.
Ask your dealer! He'll recommend
an RCA power Radiotron in the
last stage.

If it's a storage battery set,
use Radiotron UX-171 or UX-12

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KTHS—Hot Springs (375)
11 p. m.—Program.
WBAL—Baltimore (246)
6 p. m.—Lady Baltimore.
6:30 p. m.—Dinner music.
10 p. m.—Staff concert.
11 p. m.—Dance orchestra.

WBAP—Fort Worth (476)
8:30 p. m.—Saxophone octet.
10:30 p. m.—Royal orchestra.
12 p. m.—Organist.

WBZ—Springfield, Mass. (333)
7 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WBBM—Chicago (236)
12 p. m.—Nighthawk.

WCAE—Pittsburgh (461)
8:30 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WDAF—Kansas City (366)
7 p. m.—School of the air.

12:45 a. m.—Nighthawk.
WDCO—Minneapolis-St. Paul (416)
7:15 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WEAF—New York (492)
6 p. m.—Dinner music.

8 p. m.—Comfort hour.
9 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
10 p. m.—Zippers.
11 to 12 p. m.—Orchestra.

WEKI—Boston (348)
9 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WFI—Philadelphia (385)
6:45 p. m.—Entertainer.

9 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WFAA—Dallas, Tex. (476)
7:30 to 10:30 p. m.—Program.
WGY—Schenectady (380)
6:30 p. m.—Dinner music.

9 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WGBS—New York (316)
6:30 to 10 p. m.—Program.
WGR—Buffalo (319)
8 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

WHN—New York (361)
8 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WIP—Philadelphia (508)
8 to 11 p. m.—Program.

WJAR—Providence (306)
9 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.
WLBB—Chicago (303)
8 to 9 p. m.—Dinner concert.

12 p. m. to 1:15 p. m.—Organ recital.
WLS—Chicago (345)
9 p. m. to 1 a. m.—Program.
WLW—Cincinnati (422)
8 to 12 p. m.—Program.

WLWL—New York (384)
8 to 11 p. m.—Program.
WOR—Newark (405)
6 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WJZ—New York (454)
4:30 p. m.—Hungarian concert or-
chestra.
7 p. m.—Address.
8 p. m.—Entertainer.

9 p. m.—Radio orchestra.
10 p. m.—Orchestra and soloist.
10:30 p. m.—Dance music.
WPG—Atlantic City (309)
7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.

WHO—Des Moines (526)
12 p. m.—Dance program.
WNAC—Boston (430)
7 to 10 p. m.—Continuous.

WRNY—New York City (374)
7 to 12 p. m.—Continuous.
WSAI—Cincinnati (326)
8 to 11 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

11 p. m.—Orchestra.
WTAM—Cleveland (389)
10 p. m.—Studio recital.
WTIC—Hartford (476)
7 to 10 p. m.—Continuous.

WWJ—Detroit (353)
8 p. m.—Same as WEAF.

Charles Rubel
& Co.
Cunningham Radio Tubes
Wholesale Only
1621 L St. N.W. Franklin 1621

Fire-Proof
Storage
Merchants Transfer
and Storage Co.

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STAR ATTRACTION TO GO ON AIR AT LUNCHEON

Program to Be Broadcast
Direct From New York,
Includes Opera Troupe.

ST. PATRICK PROGRAMS

Marking a step forward in the de-
velopment of daylight radio entertain-
ment will be the broadcasting, through
WRQ at 1:30 o'clock this afternoon of
the luncheon of the New York Mer-
chants association, direct from New
York city. Some of the best known
attractions on the air will be heard, in-
cluding Vincent Lopez and his orches-
tra, Godfrey Ludlow, violinist; the
South Sea Islanders, the National Cava-
liers, and the WEAF grand opera set-
tel, under the direction of Cesare
Soderio. Graham McNamee and Milton
J. Cross will act as masters of cere-
monies.

As recent as a year ago such a pro-
gram as this during daylight hours was
an unheard of thing, but apparently
the time is rapidly approaching when
first-class entertainment will be heard
over the air during the day time as
well as presidential speeches, and out-
standing sports.

Otherwise on this 17th of March,
St. Patrick's day programs, with the
single exception of an address by
Eugene O. Sykes, acting chairman of
the Federal radio commission at 7:45
o'clock tonight, will have full sway.

An Irish minstrel show will feature
the program of the Eskimos at 9 o'clock.
Harry Reiser, leader of this banjo en-
semble, promises a program which will
be a wide departure from the ordinary
type of Irish program. Among the Irish
selections to be featured are "St.
Patrick's Day," "When Irish Eyes
Are Smiling" and "Medley of Irish Jigs and
Reels." Eugene Martinetti, who directs
the Emerson Hour of Music, is also

planning an entire program of Irish
songs.

"The Archeological Background of
St. Patrick's Day" will lead off the
science news of the week at 7 o'clock
from station WMAL and later from
the same station there will be heard
portions of "The Colleen Bawn" by
Dion Boucicault, a special St. Pat-
rick's day feature by Ada Louise Town-
send. In fact, WMAL will have a varied
evening's program, including the Mar-
jorie Webster Glee club, and winding
up with the St. Patrick's day dance
from the City club.

On the outside wave lengths during
the comfort hour through WEAF at 8
o'clock an offering will be built around
the theme, "St. Patrick's Day—1887."
The program will describe New York
city at that time, while the musical
selections will be those in vogue dur-
ing the period. A prominent feature
will be some Harrigan and Hart fa-
vorites, sure to gladden the hearts of
many thousands who still appreciate
the melodies of that famous pair.

The WEAF ensemble will be on the
air from 9 to 10 o'clock. WPCB at the
same time will present a radio version
of "The Marriage of Figaro," Mozart's
opera, given by the Grand Opera So-
ciety of New York.

Radio broadcasting and its future
possibilities will be discussed by Frank
A. Arnold, director of development of
the National Broadcasting Co., who
will talk before the Washington Rotary
club next Wednesday.

Monticello Bonds
To Be Souvenirs

The 135 original \$1,000 bonds for the
purchase of Monticello, home of
Thomas Jefferson, that remain unpaid,
will, upon being canceled, become avail-
able as souvenirs. It was announced
yesterday by Mrs. Rose Gouverneur
Hoes, local chairman of the Thomas
Jefferson Memorial foundation.

The idea, it is said, sprang from
numerous requests for these canceled
bonds for presentation to historical so-
cieties, schools, or patriotic associations,
as being of historic and patriotic value.

You know the auto market. If you are
interested in a good car. You can find
the value that you expect in Post Clas-
sified Ads.

Winchester, Va., March 16.—Nine
children of Mr. and Mrs. Utah Groen,
of Frederick county, like their parents,
are named for various States of the
Union. Groen applied 21 years ago to
the clerk of the court here for a mar-
riage license, naming Miss Rhode Island
Place as his intended bride, and the
clerk, Phil H. Gold, thought the union
of Utah and Rhode Island—East and
West—so happy an event that he
presented the license with his compi-
ments, declining a fee.

Now father Utah and mother Rhode
Island are the parents of these sons—
Vermont, Georgia, Kansas and Montana,
and these daughters, Virginia, Minne-
sota, Maryland, Florida and Tennessee.

On arrival at Jersey City Terminal, passengers step directly from train into the waiting Motor Coach, which takes them
safely and comfortably right into the Heart of New York or Brooklyn

Direct from the Side of the Train
to the HEART of NEW YORK

The only railroad providing this new and more convenient way to enter or leave New York or Brooklyn

Train Connection Service

LIFE OF RESERVE BANKS
IS EXPLAINED BY PATONMaking Tenure Undetermined
Big Feature of McFadden
Act, He Says.

MARKET PRICES STRONG

By F. W. PATTERSON.

Probably the most important single feature of the McFadden bank bill passed in the closing days of Congress is the provision for indeterminate tenure for Federal Reserve Banks. Section 18 amends the second subdivision of the fourth paragraph of section 4 of the Federal Reserve act so as to read as follows: "Second. To have succession after the approval of this act until dissolved by act of Congress, or until forfeiture of franchise for violation of law."

The former law provided succession for a period of 20 years from organization of the bank unless dissolved by act of Congress or unless its franchise became forfeited by some violation of law," writes Thomas S. Paton, general counsel of the American Bankers association, in the current number of the American Bankers association journal.

Under the new law, as under the old, the summary points out, Congress has the undoubted power to dissolve or terminate the existence of any or all the Federal Reserve Banks at any time it chooses or to enlarge or limit the powers of such banks as it may in its wisdom determine.

The obvious advantage of making the tenure indeterminate is to remove the uncertainty of renewal attendant upon the limited 20-year charter due to the exigencies of a political situation at the time renewal is sought and provide assurance to the public of stability and permanence. An historical parallel indicating the disadvantage of limited tenure is the disbanding of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York by Congress to recharter the Second United States Bank when its charter expired in 1836 and the financial disturbance and injury to the public which followed.

Other sections of the bill taken up in the analysis by the general counsel of the American Bankers association are those bearing on indeterminate national bank charters, consolidations, limit on loans, investment securities, real estate loans, provisions as to branches, reports to the comptroller of the currency and other important modernizing provisions in the new law.

Sand and Gravel Stock Offered.

Crane, Parris & Co. are offering today \$500,000 out of an issue of \$1,046,000 Columbia Sand & Gravel 7 per cent cumulative preferred stock at \$100 a share. Associated with the firm in the offering are G. M. P. Murphy & Co., W. B. Hibbs & Co., Glover & Flather, Eastman, Dillon & Co., Irving & Johnson, Stein Bros. & Boyce, Southern Securities Corporation and Robert Garrett & Sons.

The company is successor to the Columbia Granite & Dredging Co. and is engaged in the business of dredging sand and gravel and marketing the same in the District and surrounding territory. The company also owns and operates extensive stone quarries on the Virginia shore of the Potomac river. Total appraisals of all properties, plus cost of new property and equipment, is put at \$1,480,000.

Net earnings before Federal taxes and depreciation in 1926 were \$264,000 and the company earned on preferred stock after taxes and depreciation \$19,500. The net earnings of the company for the first two months of the current year show an increase of \$10,000 over the corresponding period in 1926.

Considering the large amount of work of all kinds and private and public contemplated in Washington and adjoining territory during the next few years," said Clyde B. Asher, president, yesterday, "the prospects for an increased volume of business are very bright."

Market Prices Continue Strong.

Utilities dominated the trading on both the bond and stock sides of the market in yesterday's session of the Washington Stock Exchange with price levels continuing strong.

Capital fraction shares, quoted ex-dividend, began the day at 108 3/8 and closed at 108 1/2. The level at close of the day before, 39 shares in three lots moved at this price, with 30 shares changing hands at 100 1/2. The market made a fractional gain to 72 1/2 on sales of 102 shares.

All three of the bank stocks in which transactions were recorded made advances: American Security & Trust Co., picked up 1/2, to reach 38 1/2; Merchants Bank & Trust, 1/2, to 155 1/2; and Federal-American National moved up 1 point to its recent level of 320.

Mergenthaler Linotype was strong and quoted ex-dividend, sold in three lots totaling 50 shares at 108 1/2. Closing quotation was 108 1/2 bid and 108 3/8 asked. Chevy Chase Daily preferred, which sold on its first day of listing at 101 picked up 1/2 point and 5 shares changed hands at 101 1/2. National Mortgage & Investment preferred was firm at 8 3/4.

With the exception of three sales in capital fraction 10 1/2, 10 3/4 and 10 1/2, securities only were traded in Washington. Gas Light 6s, series "A," sold in the smaller denominations at 103 1/2, the series "B," at 105 and Georgetown Gas Light 5s sold at 100 1/2.

\$1,000,000,000 in Liberty Presented.

Up to the close of business yesterday more than \$1,000,000,000 of the Second Liberty Loan 4 1/2 per cent bonds, or more than one-third of the total second 4 1/2s outstanding, had been presented for conversion into 5-year 3 1/2 per cent Treasury notes, according to announcement by the Treasury yesterday. It was also announced that in order to give other holders of second Liberty 4 1/2 per cent bonds an opportunity to avail themselves of this offer the Treasury plans to keep the books open until the close of business March 22.

Magill to Visit New Offices.

J. P. Magill, member of the firm of Eastman, Dillon & Co., reached Washington last night and will be at the local offices of the company, 1512 H street northwest, throughout today, according to announcement last night by Arthur Forsaker, manager of the local office. This is the initial visit of Mr. Magill to the new offices of the company, which it occupied for the first time Monday.

Freight Car Loadings Increase.

A total of 994,931 cars were loaded with revenue freight the week ended March 5. This was an increase of 29,922 cars, compared with the corresponding week last year, and an increase of 62,887 cars over the corresponding week in 1926. Compilation by the American Railway association shows that the total for March 5 was also an increase of 71,082 cars over the preceding week this year.

No Institute Classes Tonight.

There will be no classes tonight in the educational department of Washington chapter, American Institute of Banking. Owing to the fact that some of the bank clubs are giving Saint Patrick's day parties and numerous other entertainments in observance of the day are being given throughout the city, it was deemed best to abandon study for the night.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 16 (By U. S. Department of Agriculture).—HOGS.—Receipts, 19,000; light hogs, 10,000; 15 lower; spots off more on opening round; butchers mostly 15 1/2 to 16; slow and drab; late sales, 15 1/2 to 16; 200 to 300-pound butchers 15 1/2 to 16; top, 12 1/2; limited supply; 11 1/2 to 12; 140 to 200-pound, 11 1/2 to 12; 210 to 240 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 260 to 320 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 330 to 360 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 370 to 400 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 410 to 440 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 450 to 480 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 490 to 520 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 530 to 560 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 570 to 600 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 610 to 640 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 650 to 680 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 690 to 720 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 730 to 760 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 770 to 800 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 810 to 840 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 850 to 880 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 890 to 920 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 930 to 960 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 970 to 1,000 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,010 to 1,040 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,050 to 1,080 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,090 to 1,120 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,130 to 1,160 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,170 to 1,200 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,210 to 1,240 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,250 to 1,280 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,290 to 1,320 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,330 to 1,360 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,370 to 1,400 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,410 to 1,440 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,450 to 1,480 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,490 to 1,520 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,530 to 1,560 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,570 to 1,600 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,610 to 1,640 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,650 to 1,680 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,690 to 1,720 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,730 to 1,760 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,770 to 1,800 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,810 to 1,840 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,850 to 1,880 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,890 to 1,920 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,930 to 1,960 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 1,970 to 2,000 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,010 to 2,040 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,050 to 2,080 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,090 to 2,120 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,130 to 2,160 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,170 to 2,200 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,210 to 2,240 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,250 to 2,280 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,290 to 2,320 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,330 to 2,360 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,370 to 2,400 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,410 to 2,440 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,450 to 2,480 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,490 to 2,520 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,530 to 2,560 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,570 to 2,600 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,610 to 2,640 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,650 to 2,680 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,690 to 2,720 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,730 to 2,760 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,770 to 2,800 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,810 to 2,840 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,850 to 2,880 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,890 to 2,920 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,930 to 2,960 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 2,970 to 3,000 pounds, 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; 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NEWS BRIEFS

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stock market in which about 30 new high records were established and new

the announcement that holders of more than \$1,000,000,000 worth of second Lib.

5-year 3½ per cent notes, were outstanding developments today in the financial world. Money outside the

The stock market started slowly

through the list before the turn came. The easing of the money condition, the

investment power continued decidedly strong discouraged operations on the

shortly afterward almost anything offered in any division of the list was snapped up by eager buyers. Public utility

ing stocks became more or less active in the vigorous upswing.

Telegraph, in which buying and selling usually is of the most cautious

bounded into new high ground at 211 up 8 points net.

turnover of 213,000 shares and the establishment of a new peak at 178½, a gain of 43% over yesterday's final

went to new high levels under fairly active demand, but this movement was of a more conservative character than

day at small advances, but their movements were not sprightly.

weekly trade reviews and to the publication of the General Motors February

panies and the oil industry. Operating at 90 per cent of capacity the steel

able General Motors sheet had been expected, but very few realized that the sales of dealers would jump as the

The carrier stocks were about the last to be taken up vigorously by the trade.

draw interest away from many of the formerly active industrial issues. The British revealed net advances ranging up

... & Northern, New York Central
... & Ohio, Delaware, Lackawanna
... & Western, Rock Island, Chicago

Norfolk & Southern, Northern Pacific
Erie first preferred, Hudson & Manhat-
tan, Kansas City Southern, Lehigh Val-

Haven, Reading, St. Louis-Southwest
ern, Texas Pacific, Southern Railway

ever, some specialties displaying considerable weakness. Southern Dairies

back further and Industrial Alcohol lost ground. A few of the oils also failed

The day's turnover was 2,132,700 shares.

ring yesterday's setback, but the important development of the day was another rise in sterling to \$1.82 1/2.

to have originated in government sources.

④ New York, March 16 (By the Associated Press).—Further selling pressure developed in today's curb market but

of favorable steel trade news. While the volume of business did not reach

appeared to be under pool manipulation.

water, but these reports were quickly denied by operators in that region, who not only wired their denials but added

13% in anticipation of a favorable 192 report, but most of the other activ

outstanding feature in the industrial list, soaring 10 points to a new high record at 80. Further accumulation

Auto moved up 3 points to a new peak at 103 on reports of large current earnings. Ford of Canada failed

lection of an increase of 5 cents
pound in the commodity.

Consolidated Gas and Johns Manville
but Bamberg, Mead Johns, Pullma
and U. S. Distributing were heavy

Only public utility to attract any attention.

Foreign exchanges, firm; quotations (cents):
Great Britain—Demand 485½; cable

Germany—Demand, 23.72½.

Denmark—Demand, 26.63½.
Switzerland—Demand, 19.29¾.

Czechoslovakia—Demand, 2.96.
Yugoslavia—Demand, 1.76.
Australia—Demand, 14.12.

Shanghai—Demand, 60.

[illegible][illegible]

Nats Assume Lead Early In Game

in WASHINGTON

BEAN HORSES PRIMED FOR BOWIE

